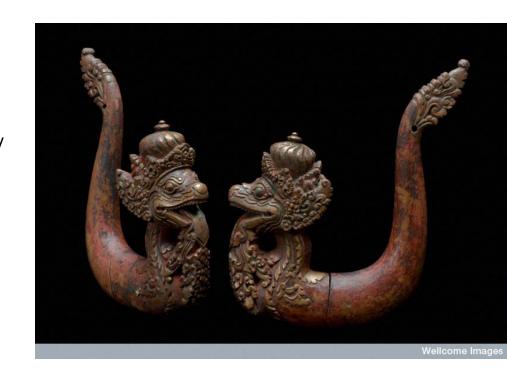
Zoonoses and emergence of new infectious diseases: biology meets anthropology

Collège de France 10-11 June 2013

Time and Space: History of the Concept of Species Barrier

Anne Marie Moulin

CNRS
SPHERE UMR 7219/
Paris 7



What is the concept of species barrier

- The frequent use of the syntagm is not a proof of its validity
- How to experiment on it, and to explore it, since we chiefly know it through its failures and its incapacity to stop the emergences

The Species concept, a cornerstone of evolutionary biology

• Species are groups of actually or potentially interbreeding natural populations, which are reproductively isolated from other such groups (Mayr, 1940).

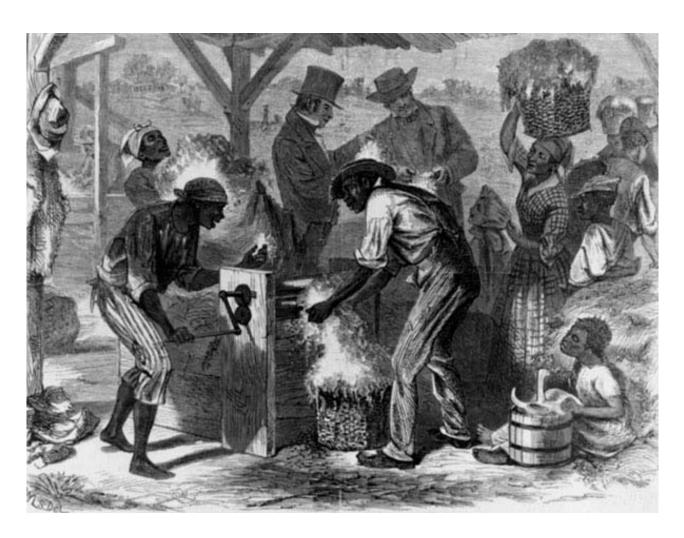


Passage de l'équipe du DDT, Inde

A historical bias, the human factor in the microbial exchange and the emergence of « new plagues » such as syphilis, on the one side, and smallpox on the other side



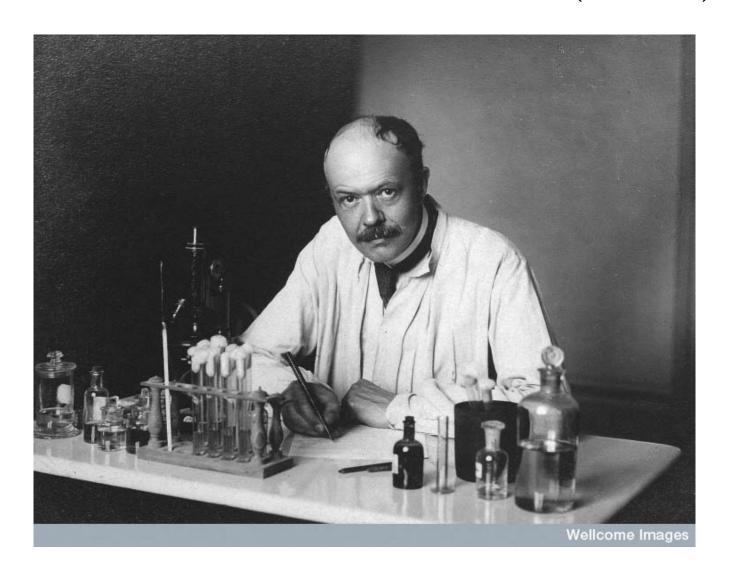
Human factor, the slave trade. But animals were also part of the microbial exchang, malaria carrying mosquitoes were part of the exchange



The visibility of the human factor, the shock between two parts of a nation



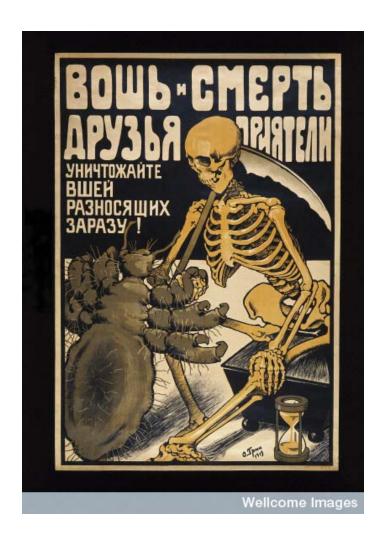
Naissance, Vie et Mort des maladies infectieuses (1930)



Historical Typhus and Wars



Death shaking death with the louse

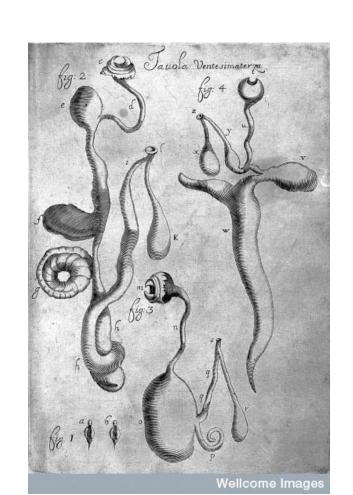


A Russian poster during The First World War

Medieval delousing



Worms lived inside Man's organs



Sheltering numerous worms was a frequent occurrence in the Renaissance

 A sickman vomiting a worm in a manuscript



Humans live with parasites



 Guinea worm being extracted from a skin opening



The close proximity between women and poultry still exists today



Women butchering poultry, a war treasure



Children and birds in Cairo fairs



Blood transfusion from Sheep to Man



Blood Transfusion from Dog to Man



Vaccine inoculation



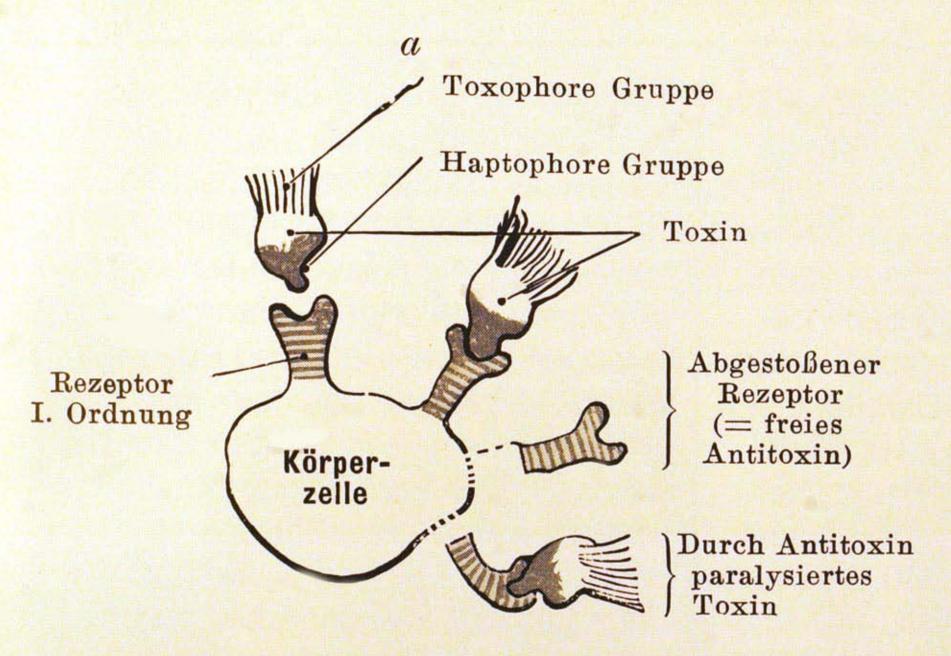
Pasteur travaille sur le vaccin contre la rage



La vaccination contre la rage du petit Joseph Meister

Le vaccin contre la rage fait le tour du monde





Confounding factor, the protective role of the cattle in the Soviet Union against malaria



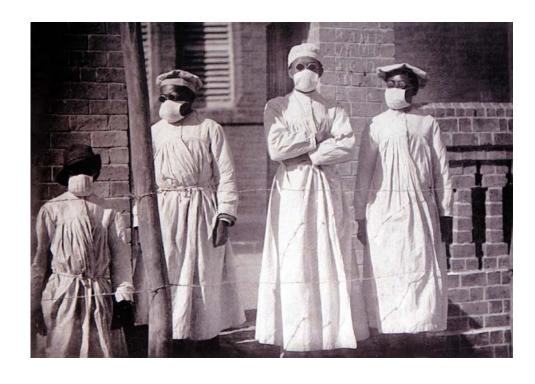
A malaria epidemics raged in the Soviet Union in the 1930s, attributed, among other factors, to the destruction of the cattle

Idea of a fortress opposed to microbesÒ

The Immune system According to Sandwith, Cairo, ca 1900

D'une peste à l'autre





Peste Ebola

Emergence d'autrefois?

Le mur inachevé du Duomo de Sienne incarne pour Rino Rippuoli, directeur de ChironVaccins, l'émergence de la peste

