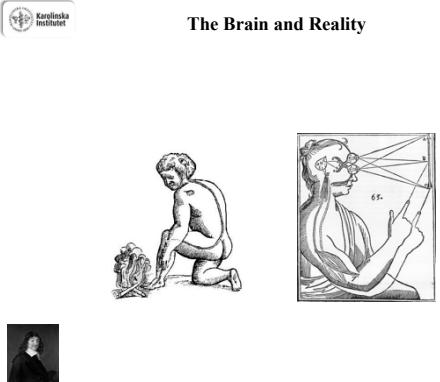


The Brain and Reality



Expectations, Beliefs
and the origins of the Placebo effect

The Brain and Reality



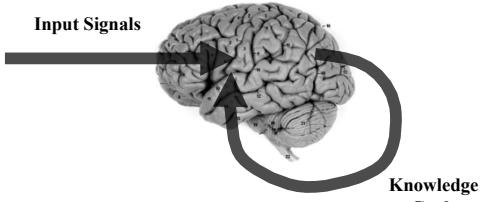
René Descartes

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Salvador Dali

The Brain and Reality

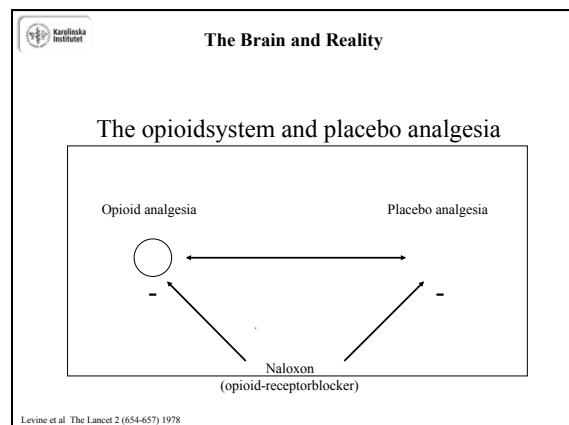
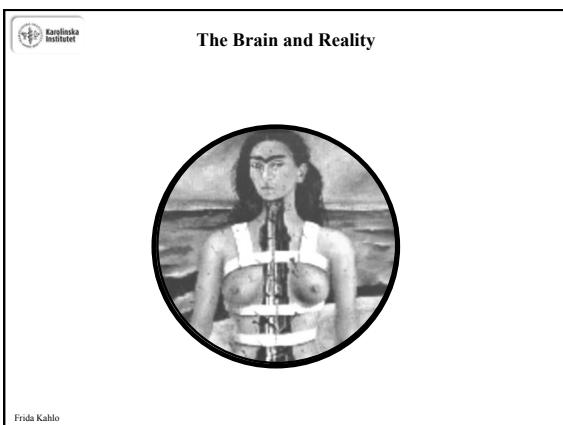
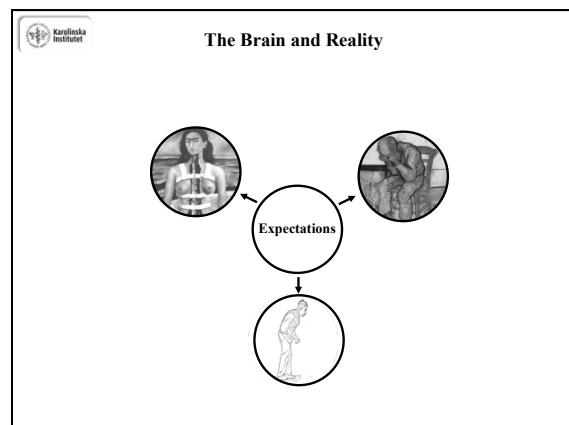
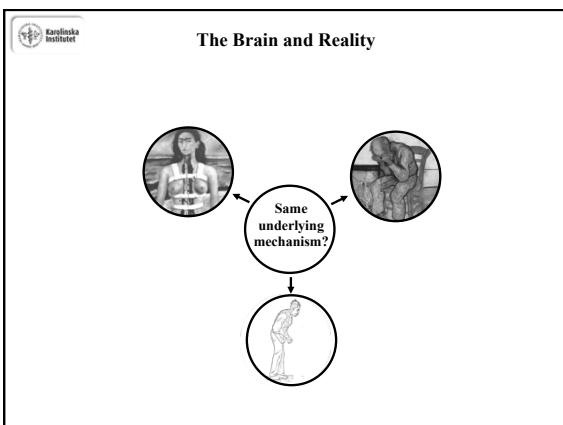
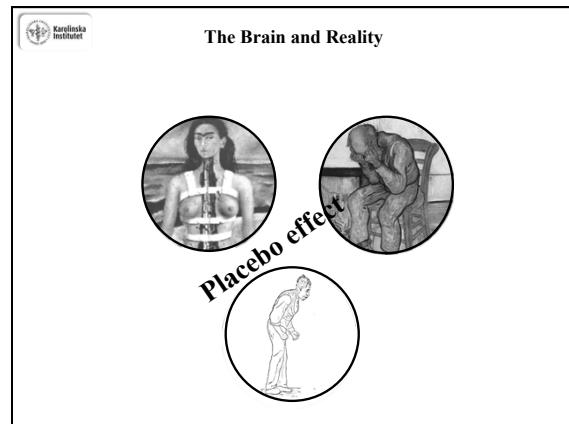
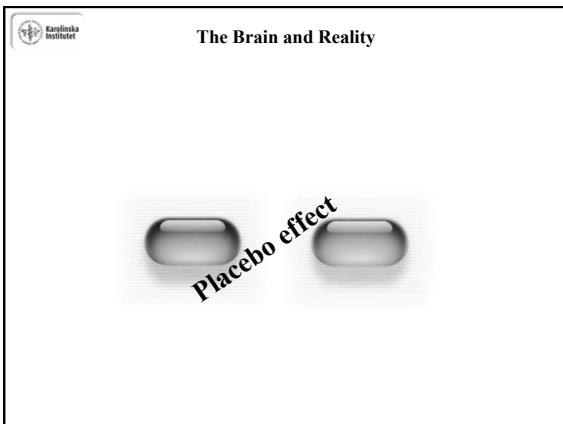


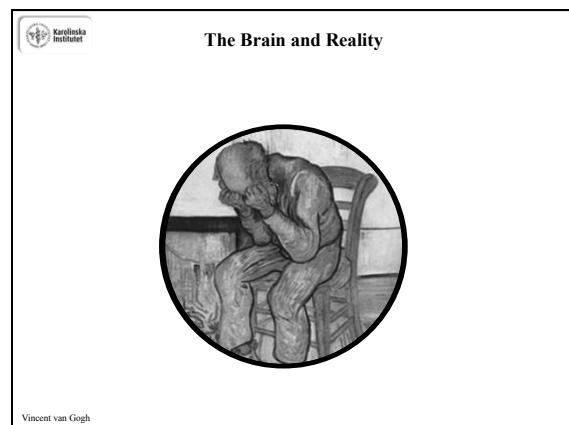
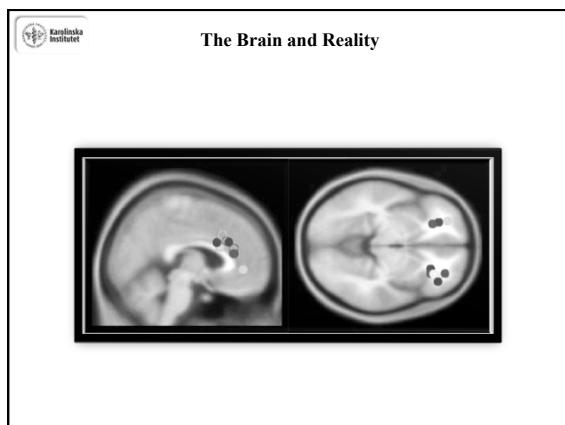
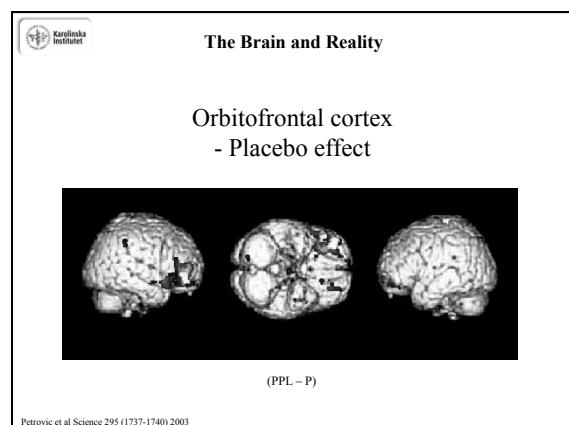
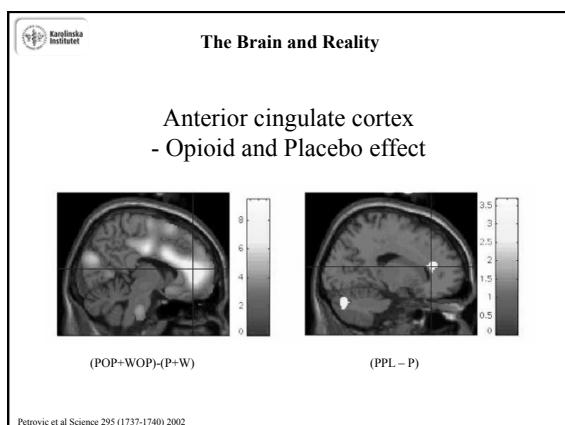
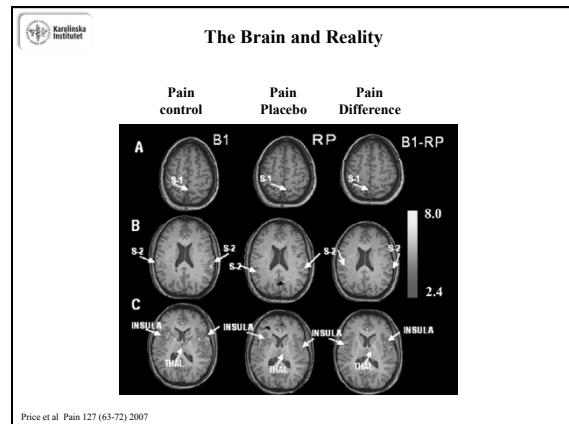
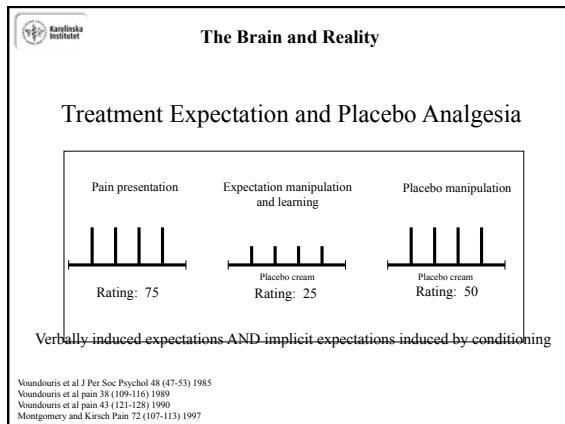
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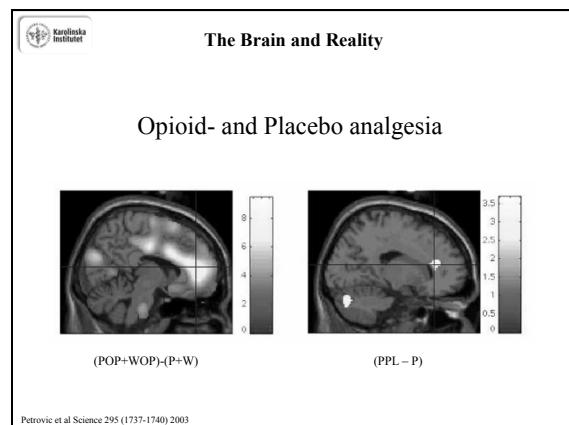
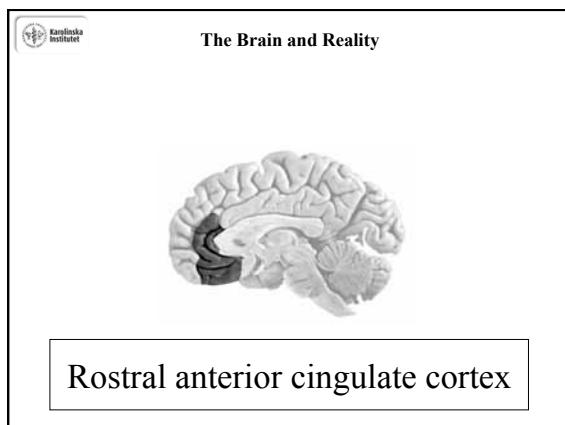
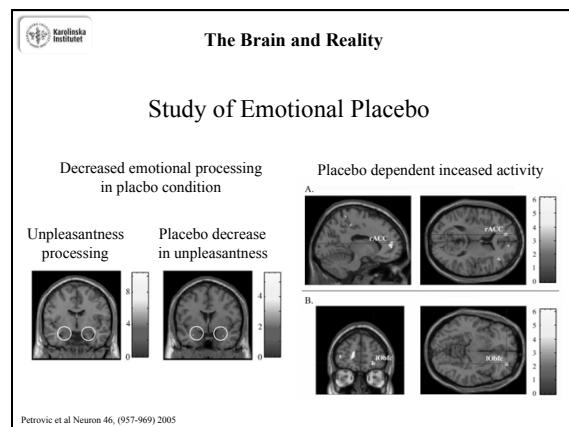
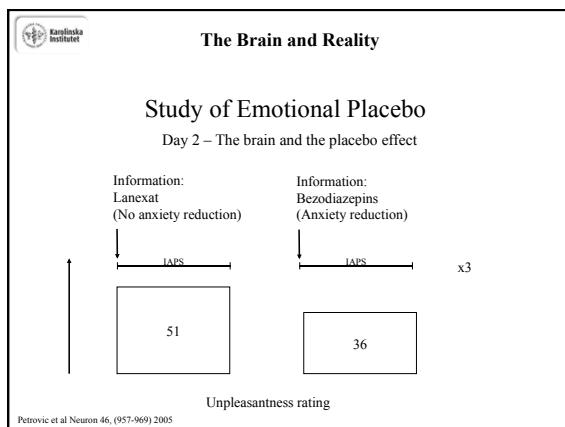
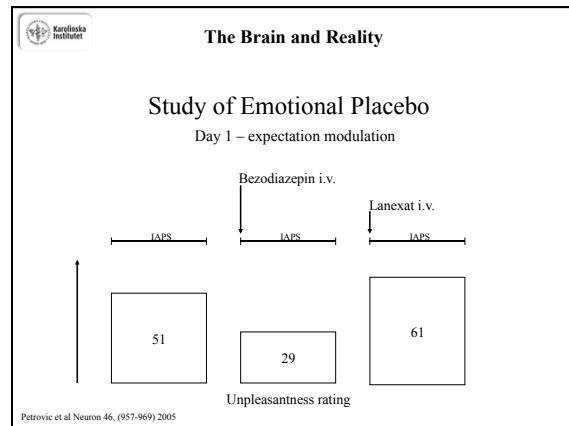
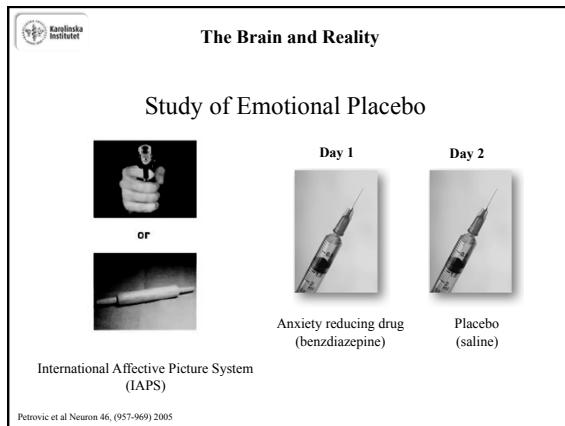
Prof. Richard Gregory, University of Bristol

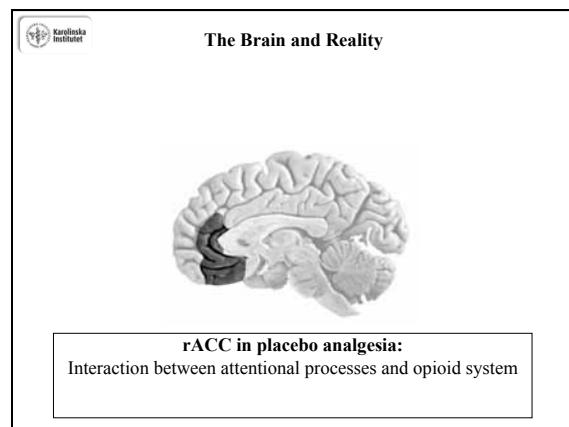
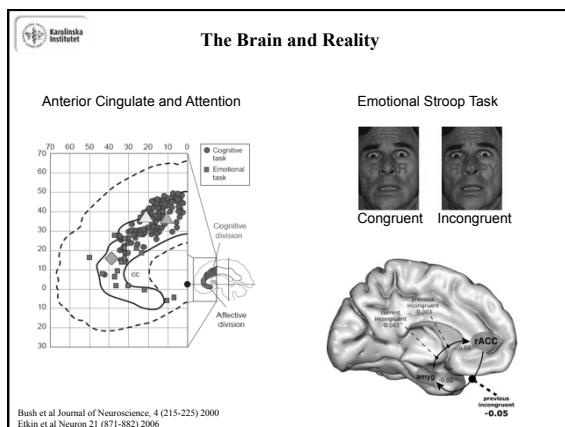
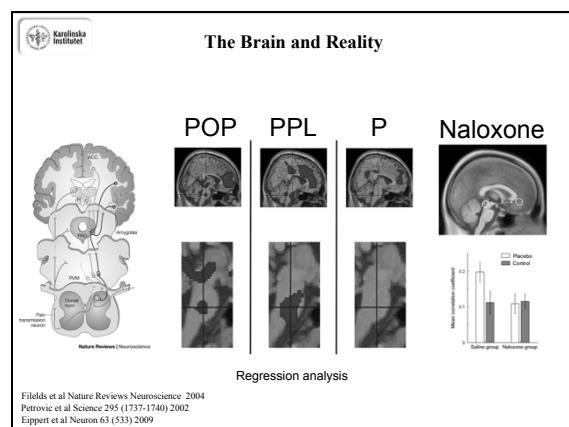
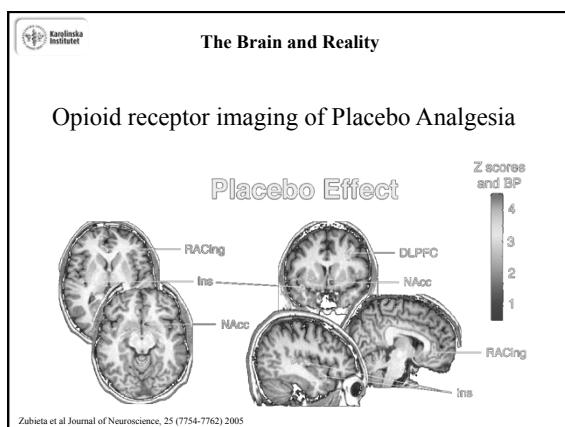
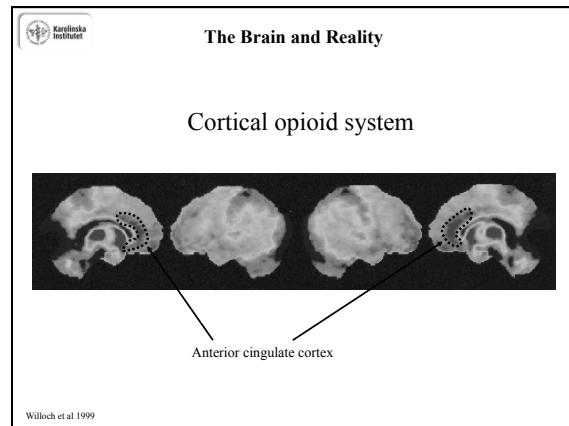
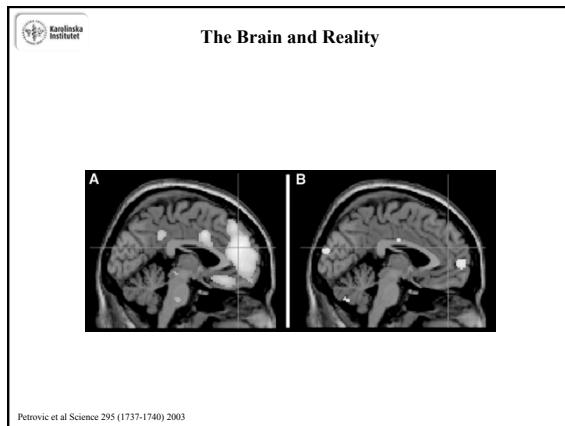
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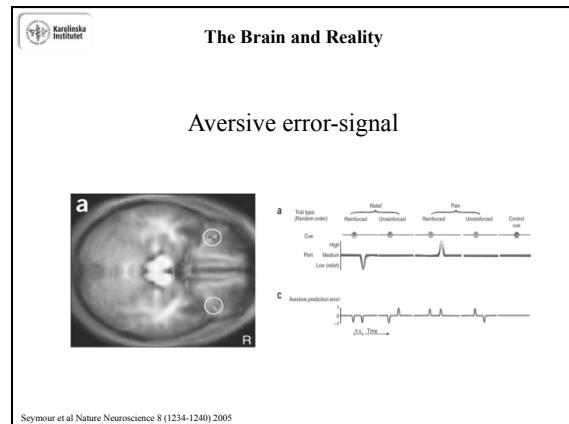
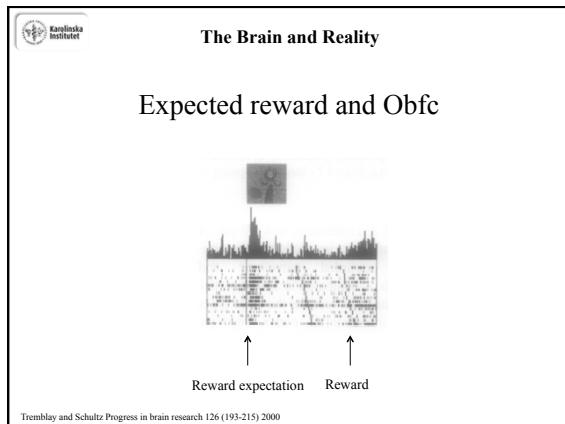
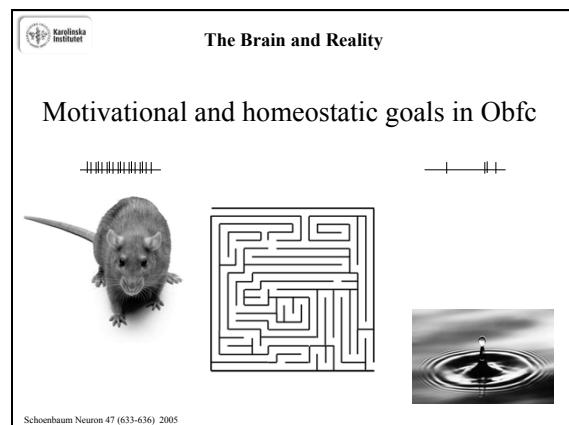
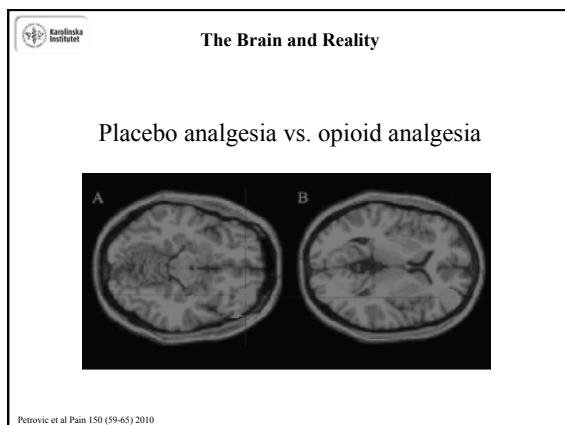
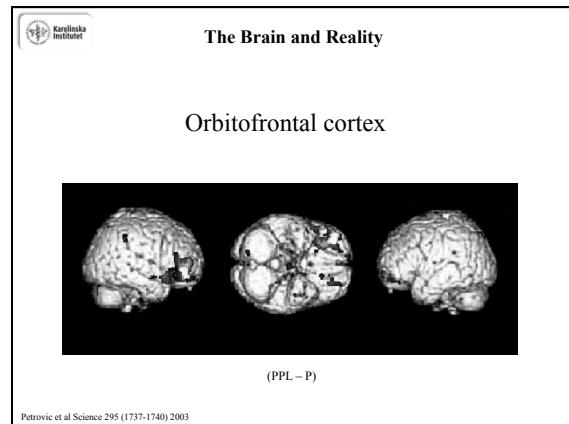
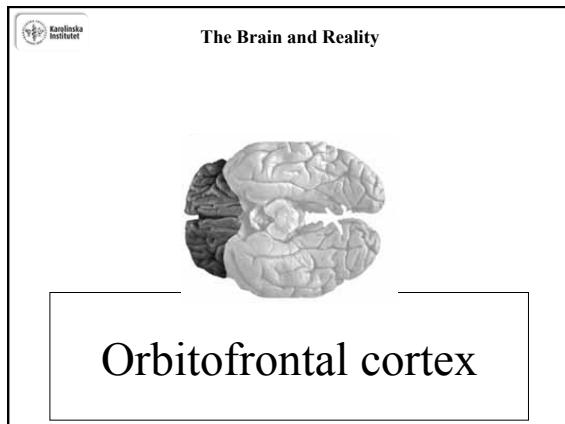






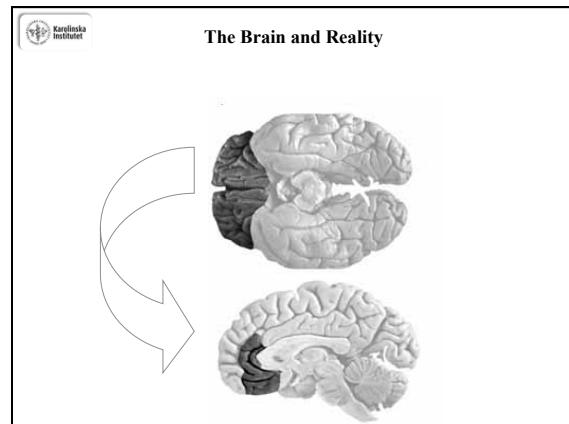






The Brain and Reality

Orbitofrontal cortex in placebo analgesia:
Cognitive processes including emotional goals, expectations, emotional tracking and aversive error signals.



The Brain and Reality

rACC-ROI used in the PPI correlation

Placebo analgesia (PET-study)
Regression analysis (placebo expectation vs. placebo effect in PET)

Emotional placebo (fMRI-study)
Regression analysis (placebo expectation vs. placebo effect in fMRI)

Petrovic et al Pain 150 (59-65) 2010

The Brain and Reality

Why do we have the placebo effect ?

Hypothesis: The placebo effect is just a consequence of a system trying to understand and predict the world.

The Brain and Reality

To understand the world
- through expectation and error-signals

```

graph TD
    TE[Treatment expectation] --> ES((Error-signal))
    NS[Nociceptive signal] --> ES
    ES --> TE
    ME[Minimizing error] -- -> TE
    ME -- +--> TR[Top-down regulation]
    TR -- +--> NS
    TR -- -> NS
    NS -- -> ME
  
```

