

**Biomatériaux de demain :  
polymères biomimétiques et biohybrides**

**Sébastien Lecommandoux**

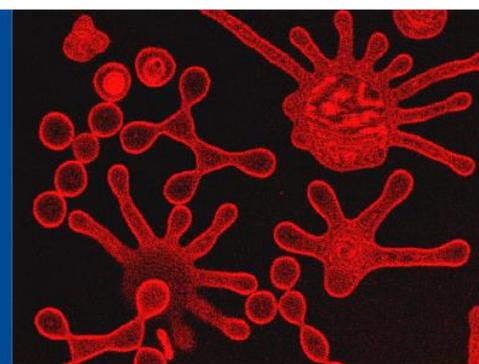
**Quelle médecine pour demain et après-demain  
en cancer et neuroscience?**

*le 17 mars 2025*



## Biomatériaux de demain : polymères biomimétiques et biohybrides

27 janv > 31 mars 2025



### Cours & séminaire

Amphithéâtre Maurice Halbwachs – Les cours auront lieu les lundis de 10h à 11h. Ils seront suivis par le séminaire de 11h à 12h.

Les cours, colloques et séminaires sont gratuits, en accès libre, sans inscription préalable.

#### Lundi 27 janvier 2025

COURS :

**Polymères biomimétiques :  
concept général, design et applications**

SÉMINAIRE : Laurent Billon (IPREM, UPPA)  
Biomimétisme et matériaux bio-inspirés

#### Lundi 3 février 2025

COURS :

**Les polymères à base d'acides aminés :  
de l'origine de la vie aux médicaments modernes**

SÉMINAIRE :

Colin Bonduelle (LCPO, Univ. Bordeaux)  
*From Proteins to Polymer Synthesis*

Hua Lu (Pekin Univ., Chine)  
*Robust Synthesis and Biomedical Applications of Polypeptides*

#### Lundi 10 février 2025

COURS :

**Polymère biohybrides :  
comment tirer le meilleur du vivant et du synthétique ?**

SÉMINAIRE :

Fouzia Boulmedais (ICS, Univ. Strasbourg)  
Nanorevêtements de polysaccharides et protéines aux propriétés bioactives pour les biomatériaux

Elisabeth Garanger (LCPO, Univ. Bordeaux)  
Polymères inspirés de l'élastine: stratégies de synthèse et applications biomédicales

#### Lundi 17 février 2025

COURS :

**Nanotechnologies biohybrides macromoléculaires  
et thérapie cancer/immunothérapie**

SÉMINAIRE : Simona Mura (IGPS, Univ. Paris Saclay)  
Particules circulantes comme vecteurs thérapeutiques biomimétiques

#### Lundi 24 février 2025

COURS :

**Des polymersomes aux cellules artificielles : mimer la  
complexité du vivant pour le comprendre et le soigner**

SÉMINAIRE :

Nicolas Martin (CRPP, Univ. Bordeaux)  
Coacervats : des gouttelettes dynamiques pour assembler des cellules artificielles

Léa-Lætitia Pontani (LJP, Sorbonne Univ.)  
*Biomimetic emulsions as a tool to study tissue architecture and mechanics*

#### Lundi 3 mars 2025

COURS :

**Assemblages multi-composants et multi-échelles  
dynamiques : du fondamental à l'application**

SÉMINAIRE : Christophe Tribet (PASTEUR, ENS-PSL)  
Stabiliser, replier, cibler des protéines hors de leur contexte naturel : quelques applications d'assemblages entre protéines solubles ou membranaires et des copolymères synthétiques

#### Lundi 17 mars 2025

COURS :

**Quelle médecine pour demain et après-demain en cancer  
et neurosciences ?**

SÉMINAIRE :

Clémentine Bosch-Bouju (Bordeaux Neurocampus)  
Les polymères biomimétiques comme alliés des neurosciences dans le développement des neurotechnologies

Isabel Marey-Semper (DOXANANO)  
Repousser les limites de la chimiothérapie conventionnelle grâce à la chimiothérapie activée à distance à l'aide de polymersomes bioinspirés

#### Lundi 31 mars 2025

COURS :

**Biomimétisme, biodégradabilité et (bio)recyclabilité des  
polymères : enjeux et opportunités**

SÉMINAIRE :

Christophe Chassenieux (IMMM, Le Mans Univ.)  
Les protéines comme nouvelles sources de matériaux

Daniel Taton (CLPO, Univ. Bordeaux)  
Stratégies de déconstruction chimique de plastiques récalcitrants

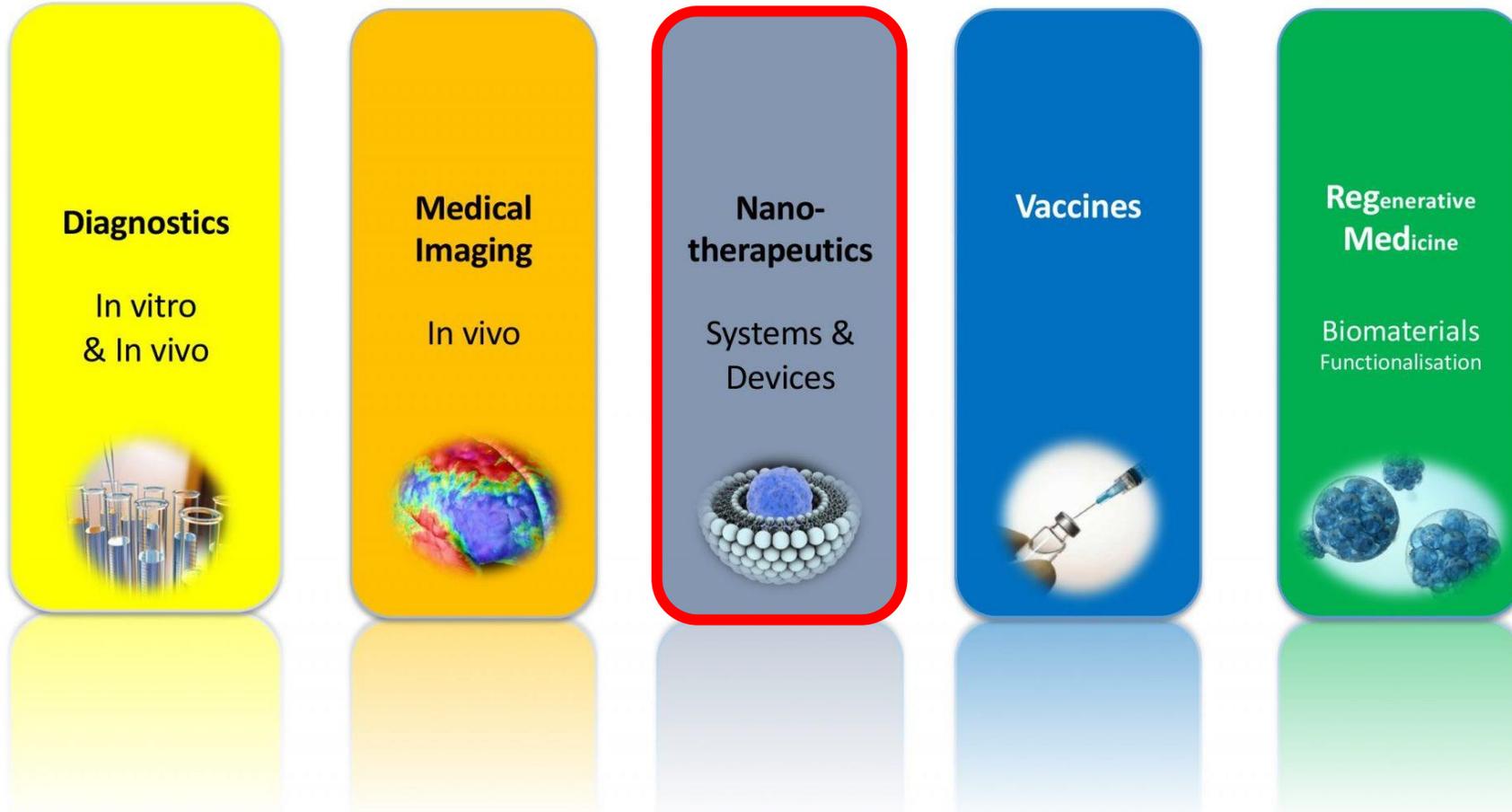


Image : vésicules polymères (polymersomes) en train de se diviser sous l'action d'une différence de pression osmotique observées en microscopie de fluorescence. Crédit: LCPO - Emmanuel Laroche @ Anouk Martin

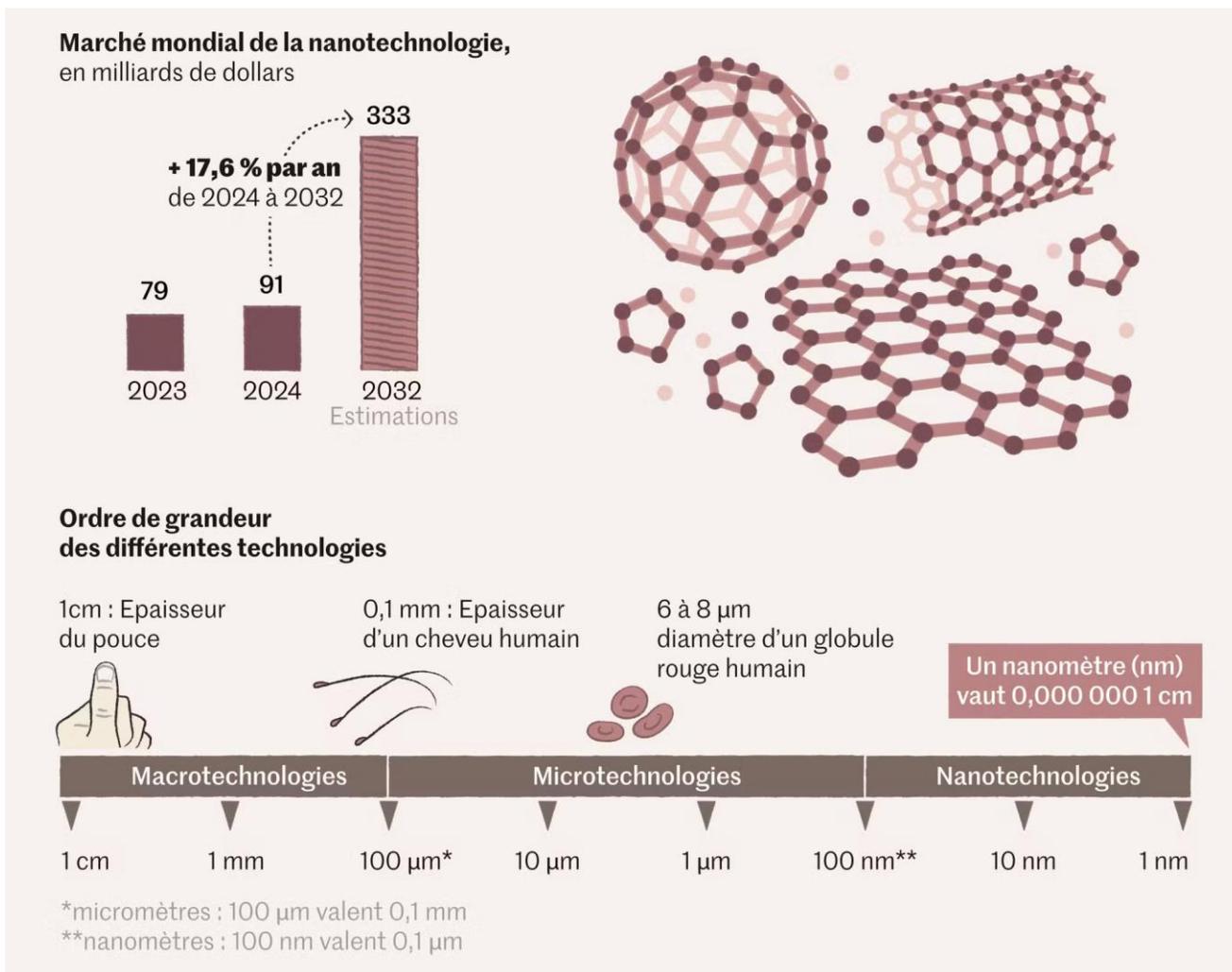
## Nanotechnologies en médecine



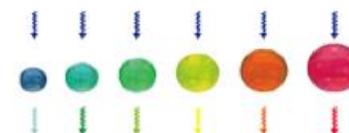
## Nanotechnologies en médecine



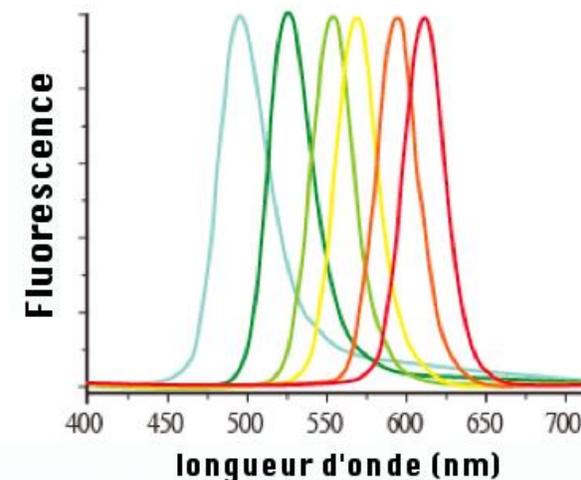
## Les Nanotechnologies (en général)



### Excitation simultanée à 365 nm



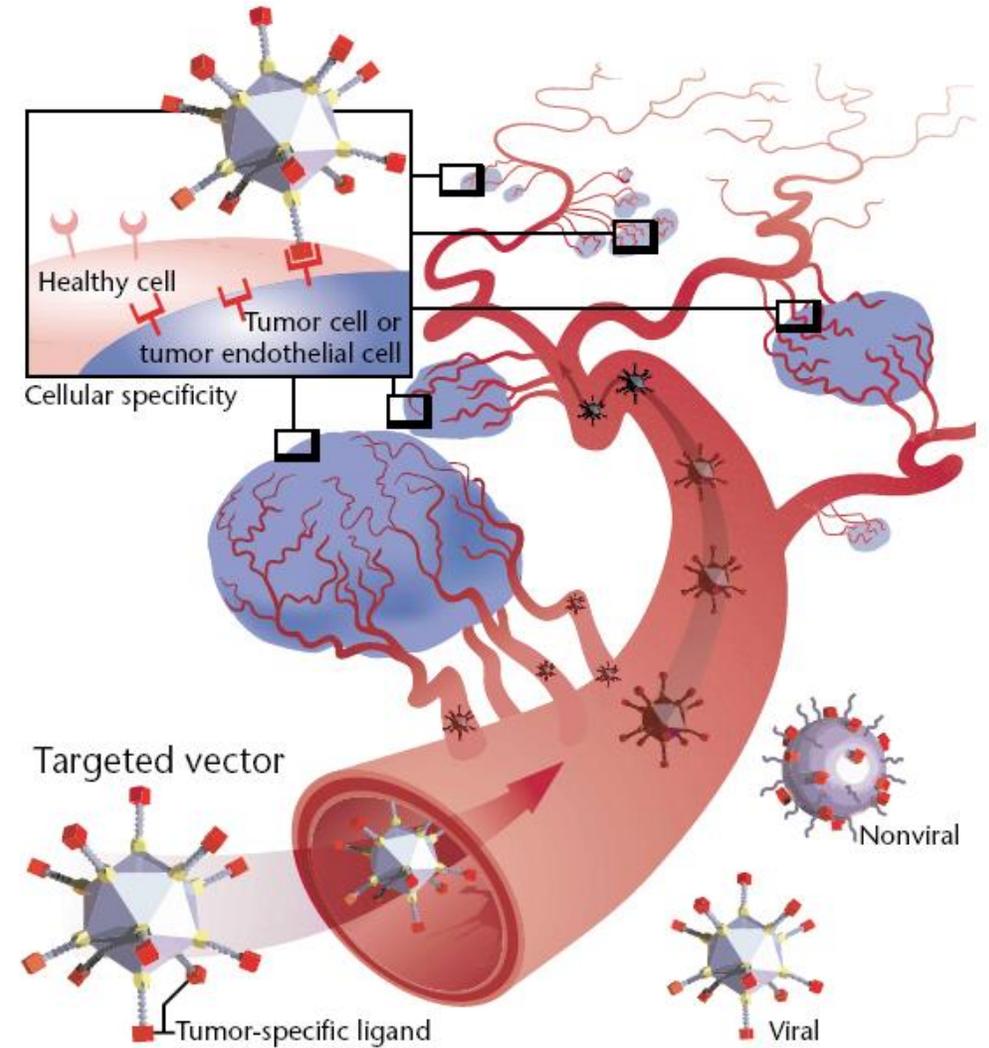
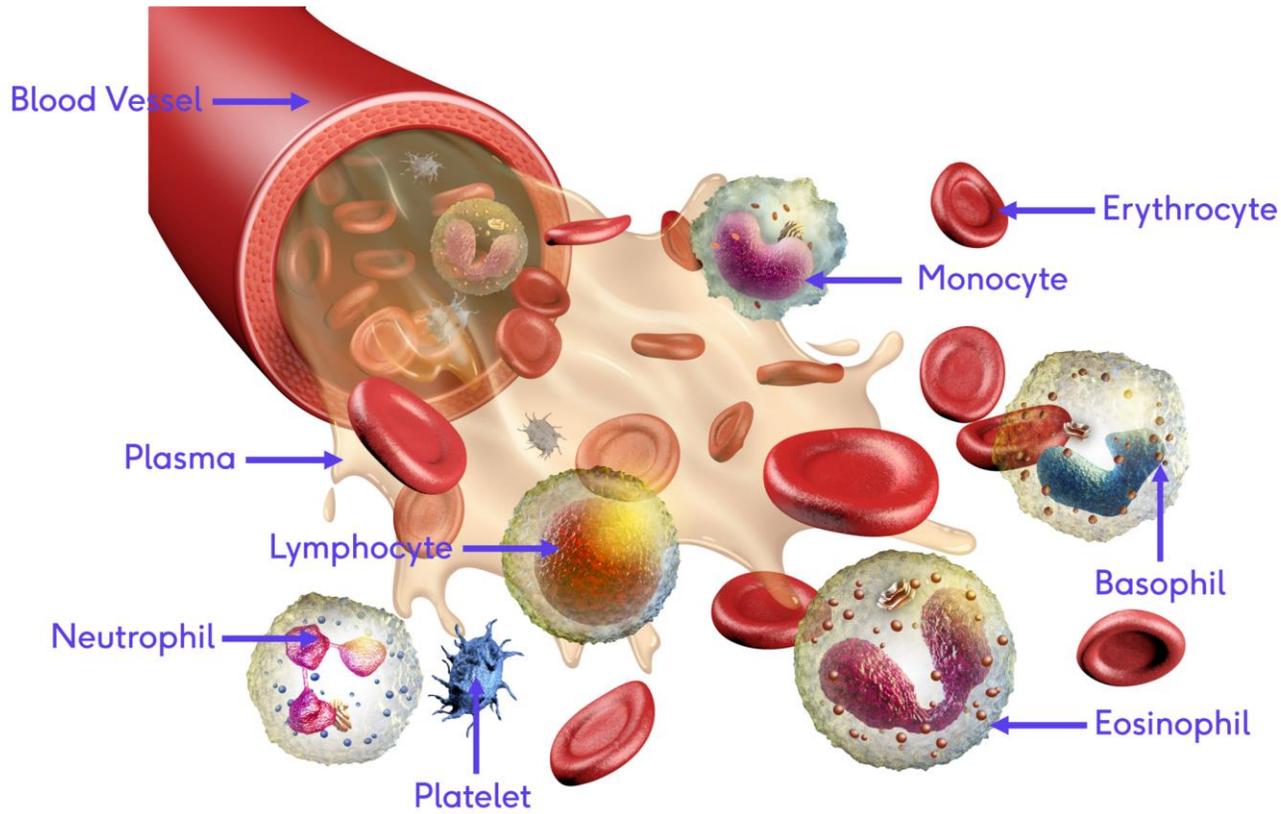
### l'émission dépend de la taille



« effets quantiques » en physique

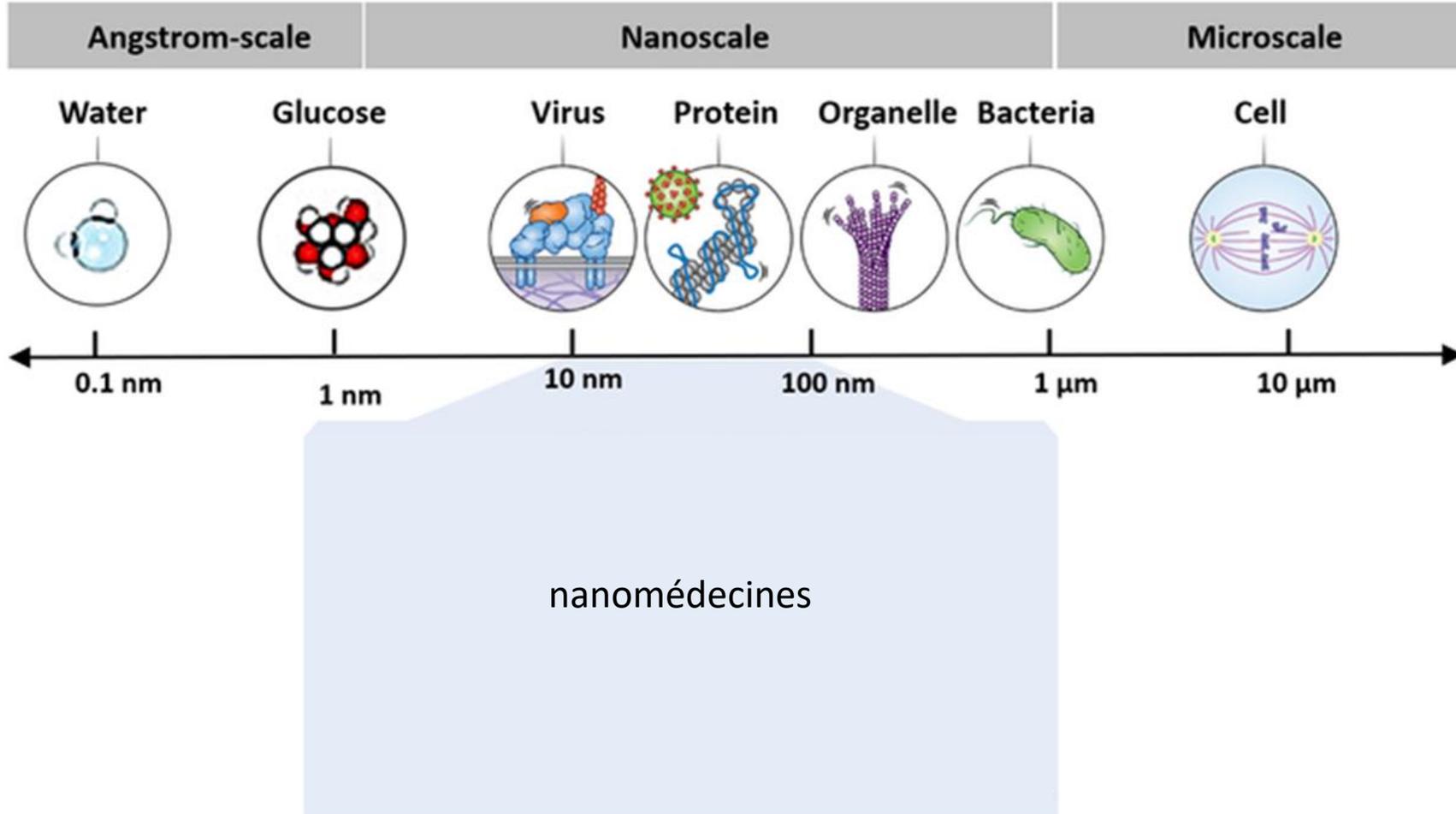
# L'importance de la taille

## La dimension importante: l'échelle 'nano' en biologie



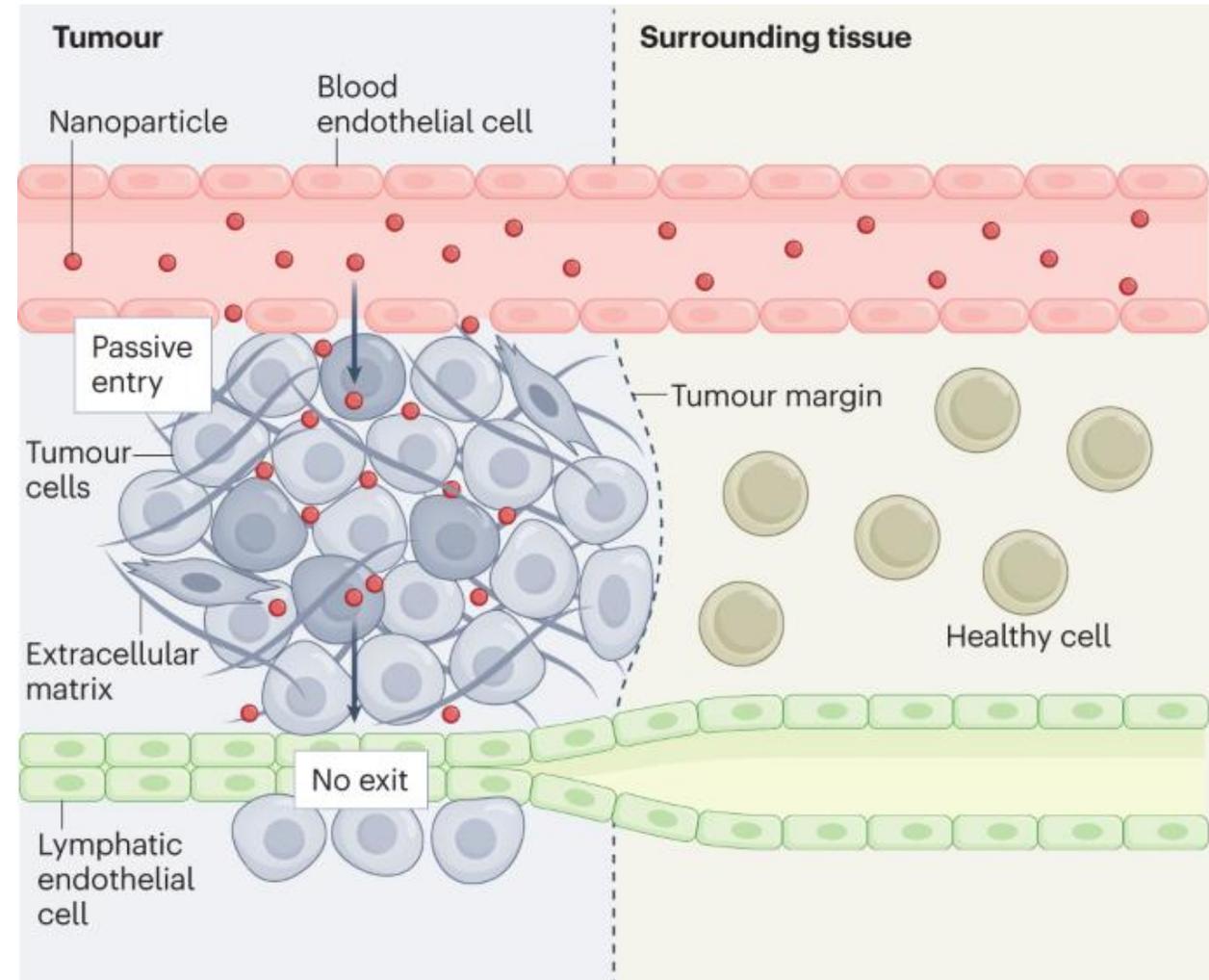
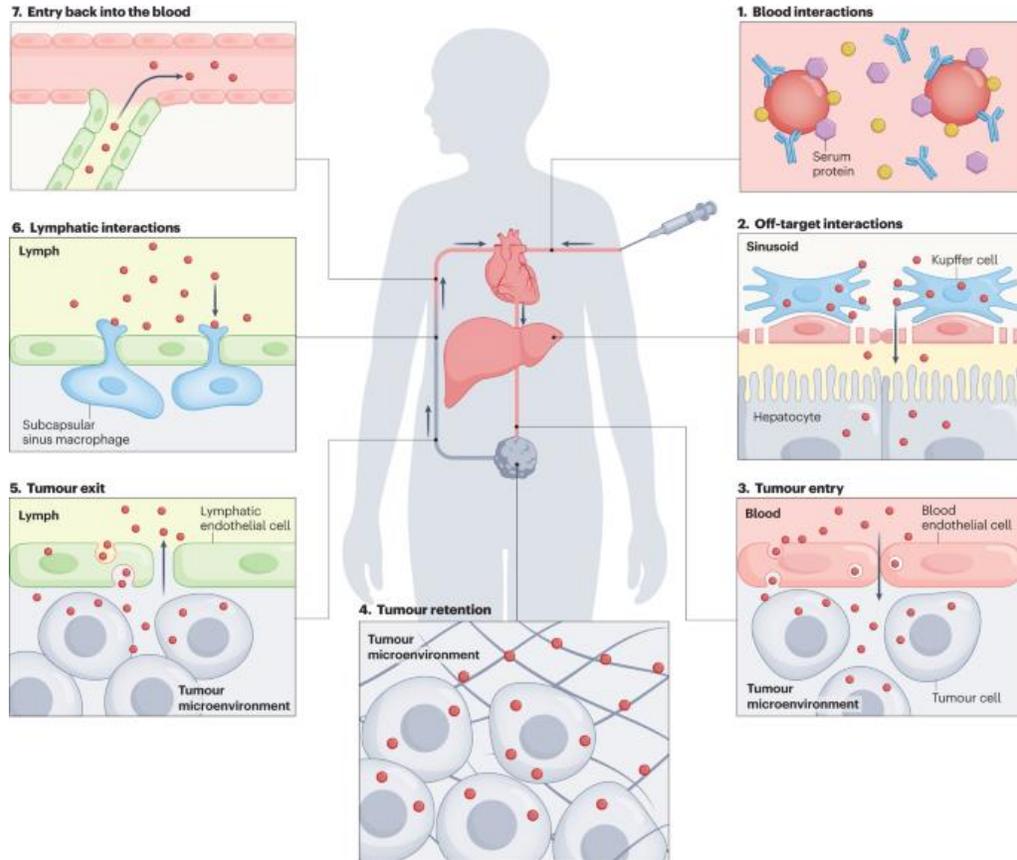
# L'importance de la taille

La dimension importante: l'échelle 'nano'



## Enhanced Permeation and Retention effect (EPR)

Matsumura et Maeda. *Cancer Res.* 1986;46:6387–6392





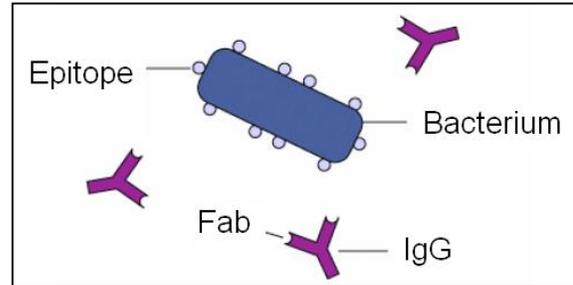
# Prérequis pour bénéficier de l'effet EPR

## Une longue circulation sanguine

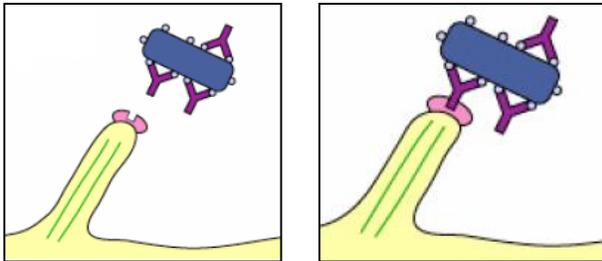
Que se passe t'il lorsqu'on injecte une nanoparticule par voie iv?

### 1- Opsonisation : reconnaissance et marquage

Opsonines (activateur de liaison pour le processus de phagocytose) : anticorps (IgG, IgA) et/ou molécules du complément C3b, C4b...) ...

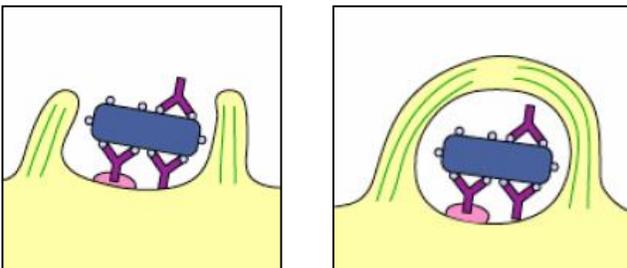


### 2- Reconnaissance et capture par les macrophages



### 4- Digestion et élimination (exocytose)

### 3- Phagocytose (=endocytose) par les macrophages



● Si on souhaite éviter l'élimination, il faut ????



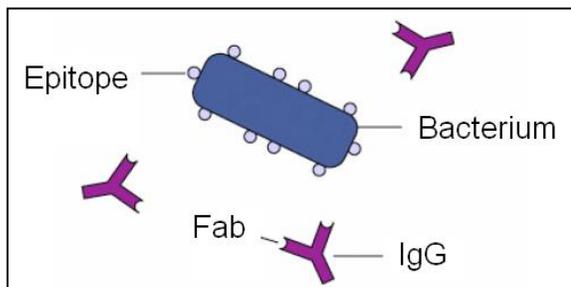
# Prérequis pour bénéficier de l'effet EPR

## Une longue circulation sanguine

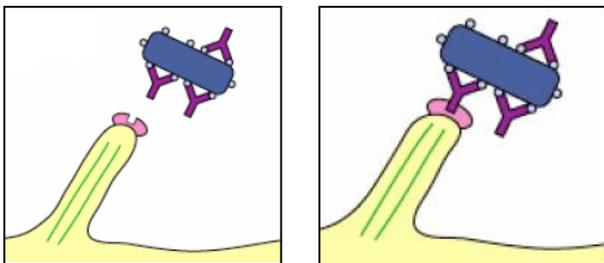
Que se passe t'il lorsqu'on injecte une nanoparticule par voie iv?

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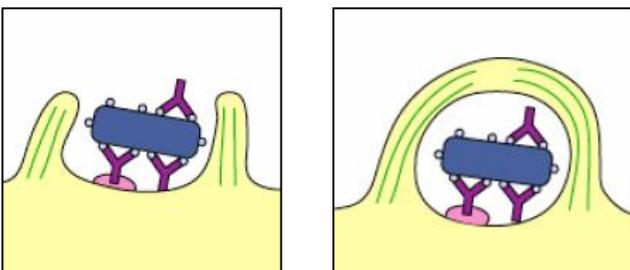


### 2- Reconnaissance et capture par les macrophages



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### 3- Phagocytose (=endocytose) par les macrophages



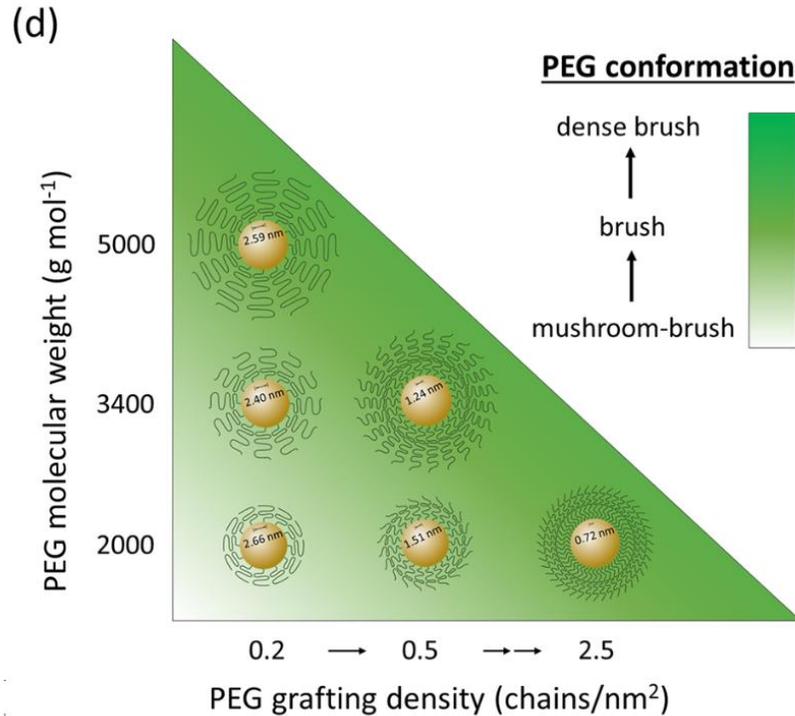
● Si on souhaite éviter l'élimination, il faut éviter l'opsonisation

# Principe physique de la PEGylation

## Conformations of Polymers Attached to an Interface

P. G. de Gennes

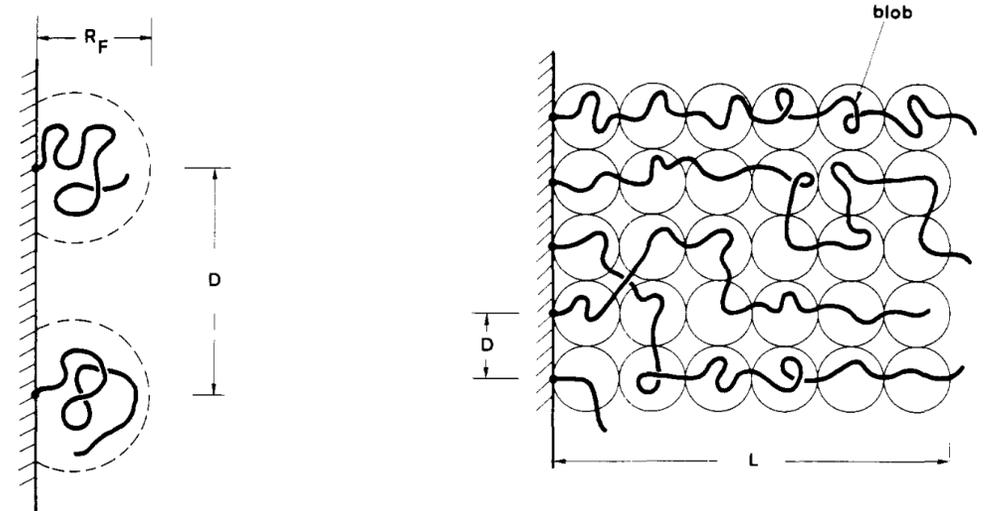
Collège de France, 75231 Paris Cedex 05, France. Received April 10, 1980



**ABSTRACT:** We discuss the conformations and the concentration profiles for long, flexible chains ( $N$  monomers per chain) grafted at one end on a solid surface (fraction of surface sites grafted  $\sigma$ ). The chains are immersed either in a pure (good) solvent or in a solution of the same polymer ( $P$  monomers per mobile chain, volume fraction  $\phi$ ). It is assumed that the polymer does *not* adsorb on the wall surface. The zone occupied by the grafted chain may contain a large fraction of mobile  $P$  chains: we call this a mixed case (M), as opposed to the unmixed case (UM). Also the chains may be stretched (S) or unstretched (US). The combination of these two criteria gives four possible regimes. Using scaling laws, we locate the domains of existence of these four regimes in terms of the variables  $\sigma$  and  $\phi$ . High  $\sigma$  values may be hard to reach by grafting but could be obtained with block copolymers at an interface between two immiscible solvents.

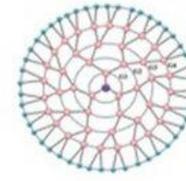
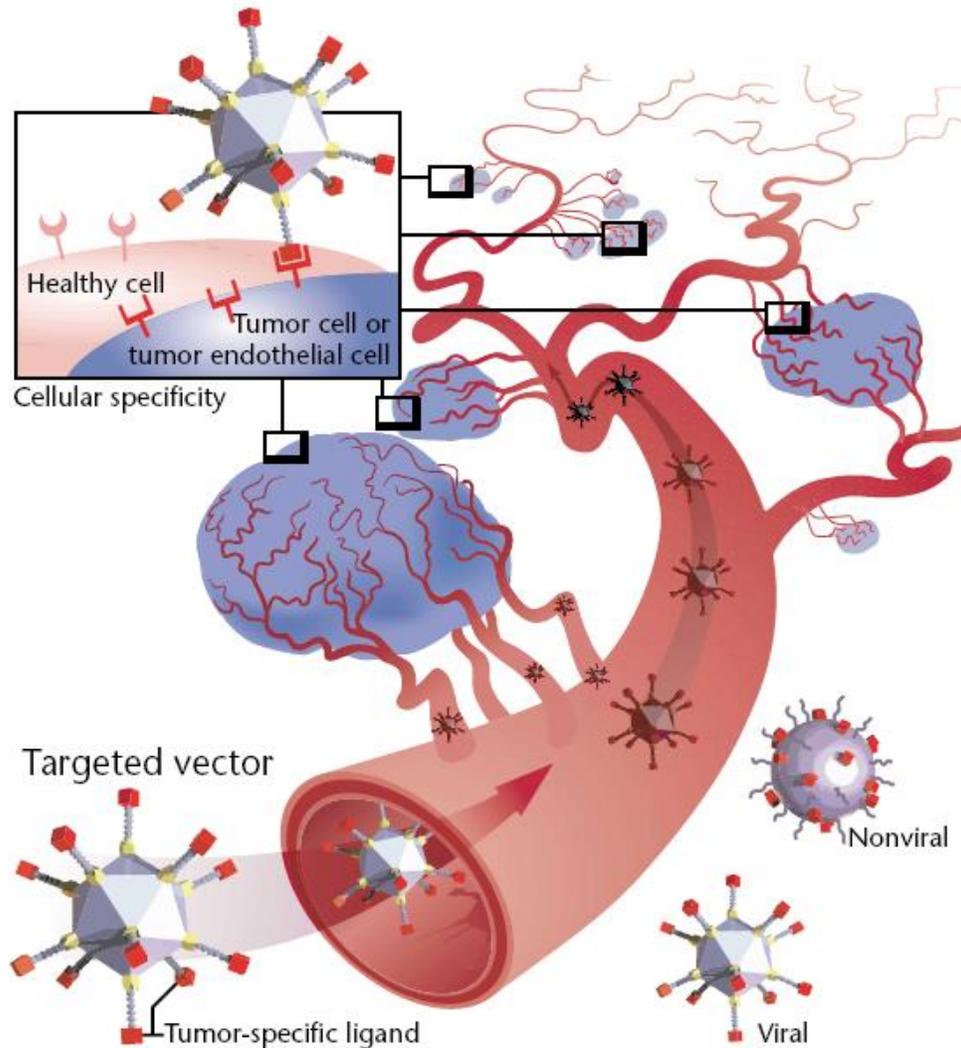
Macromolecules 1980, 13, 1069–1075

Nano Lett. 2021, 21, 1591–1598

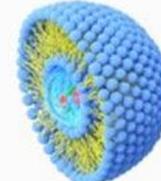


# Les principales nanomédecines

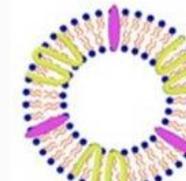
## Nanotechnologies et systèmes de vectorisation d'actifs thérapeutiques (DDS)



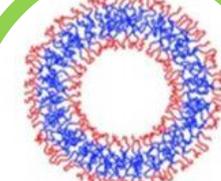
Dendrimer



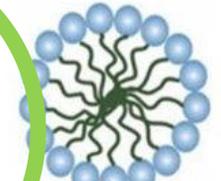
Liposome



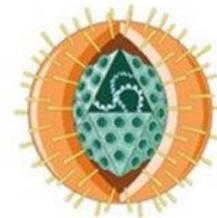
Exosome



Polymersome



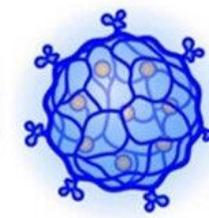
Nano micelles



Nano vesicles



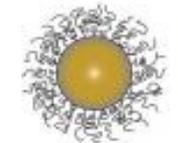
Polymeric nanoparticles



Nano Gel



Silica Nanoparticle



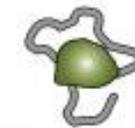
Metal Nanoparticle



Antibody-Drug Conjugate



Polymer-Drug Conjugate



Polymer-Protein Conjugate

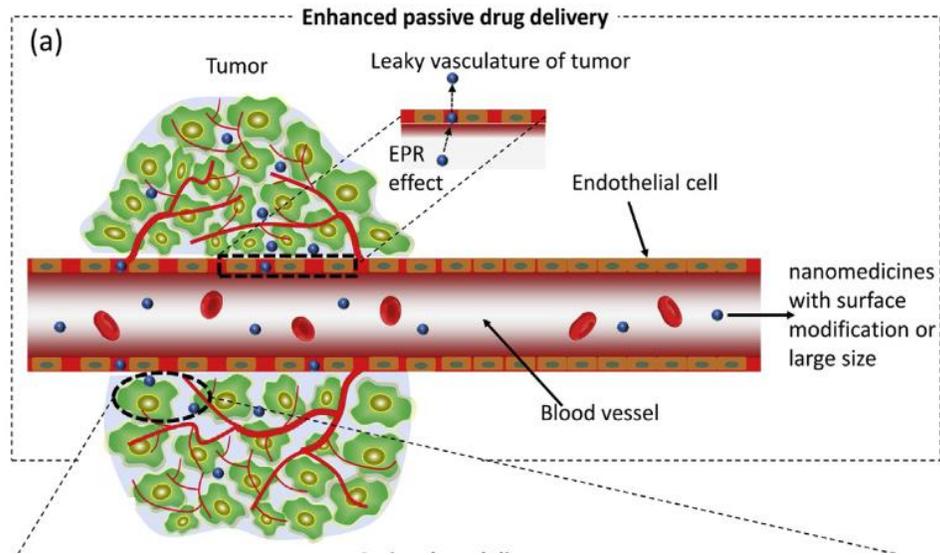


Hafnium Oxide Nanoparticle



# 'Design' avancé des nanomédecines

Vers plus de précision





International Edition: DOI: 10.1002/anie.201709002

German Edition: DOI: 10.1002/ange.201709002

## Drug Delivery: Too Much Complexity, Not Enough Reproducibility?

*Jean-Christophe Leroux\**



Jean-Christoph Leroux  
Professor of Drug Formulation  
and Delivery, ETH Zurich

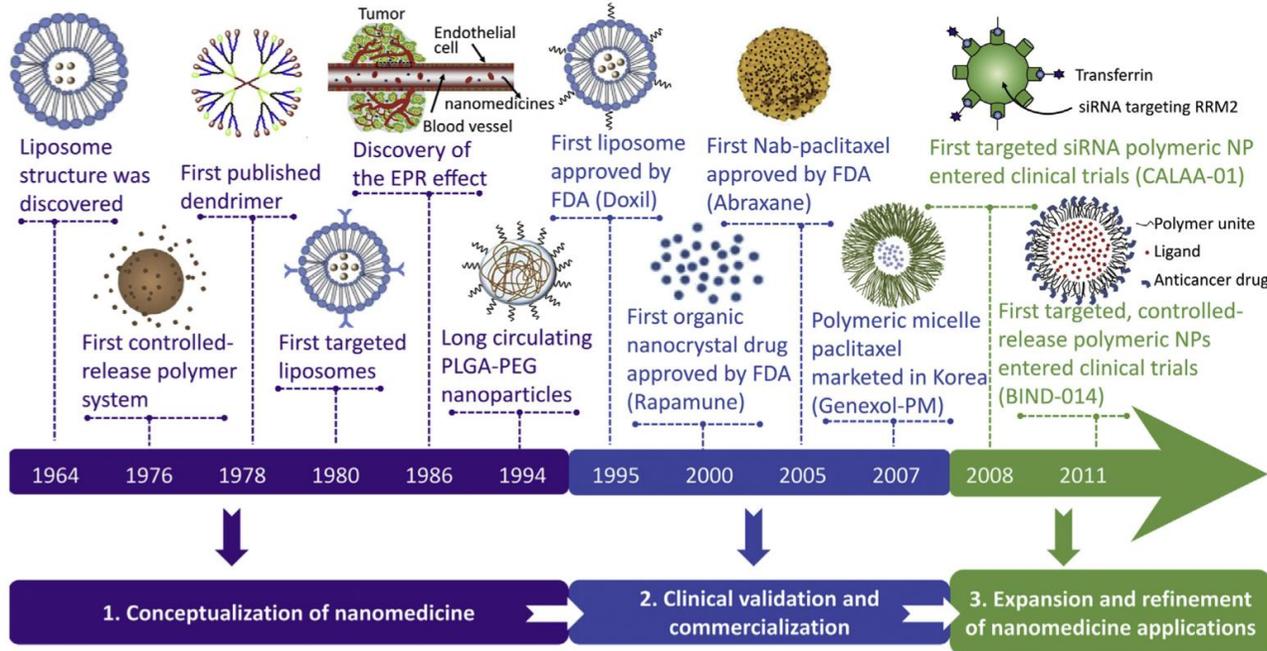
**D**rug formulation and delivery is a part able evolution in scientific practices.

***The upsurge in published reports does not correlate with therapeutic advances***

***Lack of reproducibility is an important issue***

# Étapes clés des nanomédecines en clinique

## Important milestones in the development of nanomedicines



Nanotherapeutics in clinical use or in clinical trials. NCT numbers are from clinicaltrials.gov.

Trade name	Active ingredient	Indication(s)	Advantages	Status
<b>Liposome-based nanotherapeutics</b>				
Doxil	Doxorubicin	Karposi's sarcoma, ovarian cancer, multiple myeloma	Enhanced delivery; Reduced systemic toxicity [22]	Approved by FDA (1995)
DaunoXome	Daunorubicin	Karposi's sarcoma	Enhanced delivery; Reduced systemic toxicity [136]	Approved by FDA (1996)
Inflexal V	Virosomal influenza vaccine	Influenza	Better immunogenicity; high safety [137]	Approved in Switzerland (1997)
Visudyne	Verteporfin	Age-related macular degeneration	Photosensitive drug [138]	Approved by FDA (2000)
DepoDur	Morphine sulphate	Analgesia (post-operative)	Extended-release drug [139]	Approved by FDA (2004)
Mepact	Muramyl tripeptide phosphatidyl ethanolamine	Non-metastatic osteosarcoma	Longer half-life; less toxic [140]	Approved in Europe (2009)
Marqibo	Vincristine	Acute lymphoblastic leukemia	Enhanced delivery, increasing maximum tolerated dose [141]	Approved by FDA in 2012
Onivyde	Irinotecan	Pancreatic cancer	Enhanced delivery; Reduced systemic toxicity [142]	Approved by FDA (2015)
MBP-426	Oxaliplatin	Gastric, oesophageal and gastro-oesophageal adenocarcinoma	TIR-targeting liposome [143]	Phase I (Completed; NCT00355888)
ThermoDox	Doxorubicin	Hepatocellular carcinoma	Stimuli-responsive delivery [144]	Phase III (Completed; NCT02112656)
<b>Polymer-based nanotherapeutics</b>				
Pegasys	Interferon alpha-2a	Hepatitis B; Hepatitis C	Increasing the residence time; Improving stability of protein [145]	Approved by FDA (2002)
Genexol-PM	Paclitaxel	Breast cancer and NSCLC	Avoiding toxicities of solvents; Reduced hypersensitivity [146]	Approved in South Korea (2007)
Opaxio	Paclitaxel	Head and neck cancer; Glioblastoma	Responsive release via enzymatic hydrolysis of polyglutamate [147]	Approved by FDA (2012)
Adynovate NK012	PEGylated factor VIII SN-38	Hemophilia Solid tumor malignancy	Extended half-life [148] Prolonged drug release [149]	Approved by FDA (2015) Phase II (Completed; NCT00951613; NCT00951054)
NK105	Paclitaxel	Metastatic or recurrent breast cancer	Without solvents; Reduced toxicity [150,151]	Phase III (Completed; NCT01644890)
<b>Protein-based nanotherapeutics</b>				
Ontak	Interleukin-2 receptor and diphtheria toxin	Cutaneous T-Cell lymphoma	Cytokine-targeted fusion protein [154]	Approved by FDA (1999)
Abraxane	Paclitaxel	Breast cancer; NSCLC	Avoiding toxicities of solvents; Enhanced delivery to tumor [109]	Approved by FDA (2005)
Kadcyla Nab-paclitaxel	Trastuzumab Emtansine paclitaxel	Metastatic breast cancer Pancreatic cancer; Cholangiocarcinoma	Enhanced delivery [155] Expand the approved indications for Abraxane [1]	Approved by FDA (2013) Phase II (Completed; NCT02077881; NCT02382263; NCT02181634)
<b>Inorganic nanoparticles</b>				
Feridex	Iron oxide NPs	MRI contrast agent	Superparamagnetic character [156]	Approved by FDA (1996)
Feraheme	Iron oxide NPs	Iron deficiency anemia in chronic kidney disease	More stable release, improved safety profile [157]	Approved by FDA (2009)
Nanotherm	Iron oxide	Glioblastoma	Activated by an external magnetic field [129]	Approved in Europe (2010)
NBTXR3	Hafnium oxide NPs	Adult soft tissue sarcoma	Absorption or deposition of a high energy dose [158]	Approved in Europe (2019)
CYT-6091	Tumor necrosis factor	Advanced solid tumors	Reduced toxicity; Improved drug delivery [131]	Phase I (Completed; NCT0035698)



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# **Nanotechnologies et vectorisation de médicaments (DDS)**

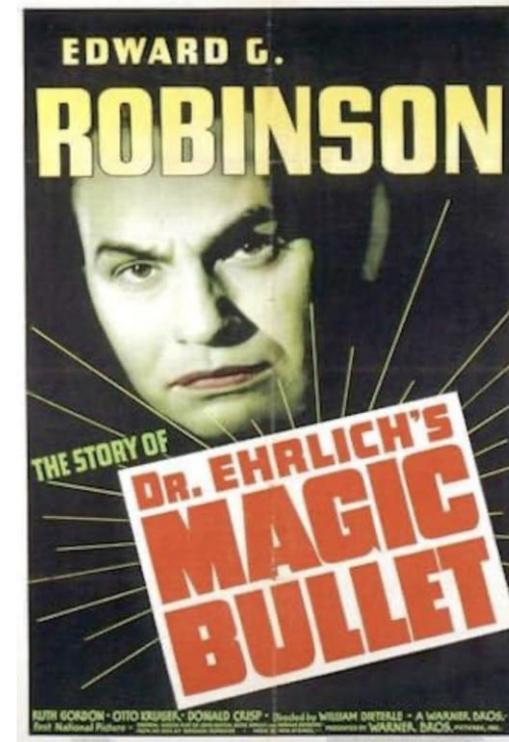
**Des travaux pionniers aux promesses les plus récentes**



## Le concept de “Magic Bullet” de Paul Ehrlich



Prix Nobel de Médecine en 1908 « en reconnaissance de ses travaux sur l'immunité »



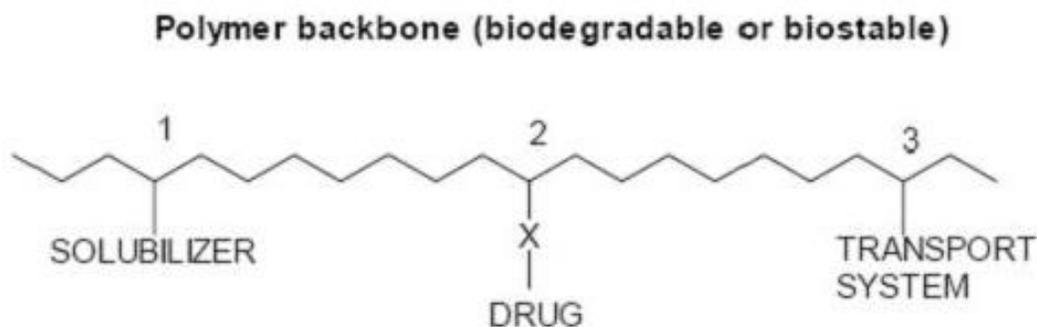
# Les travaux pionniers de la nanomédecine

## Origine de l'idée conceptuelle d'utiliser un polymère pour stabiliser, solubiliser, améliorer les propriétés d'un médicament

Dans les **années 1970**, **Ringsdorf** a proposé le concept d'un **transporteur polymère pharmacologiquement actif**, capable à la fois de solubiliser et de cibler un médicament. Par la suite, les travaux de Kopeček, Duncan et autres à la fin des années 1970 ont conduit au développement du **premier conjugué polymère-médicament à petite molécule** ayant atteint les essais cliniques, ouvrant la voie à de nombreux autres développements.



Figure 1. Ringsdorf model of synthetic polymer drugs.



Ringsdorf, H. Structure and properties of pharmacologically active polymers.  
*J. Polym. Sci., Symp.* 1975, 51, 135-153

Première démonstration que des particules de taille nanométrique peuvent transporter des médicaments qui ne pénètrent normalement pas spontanément dans les cellules

Volume 84, number 2

FEBS LETTERS

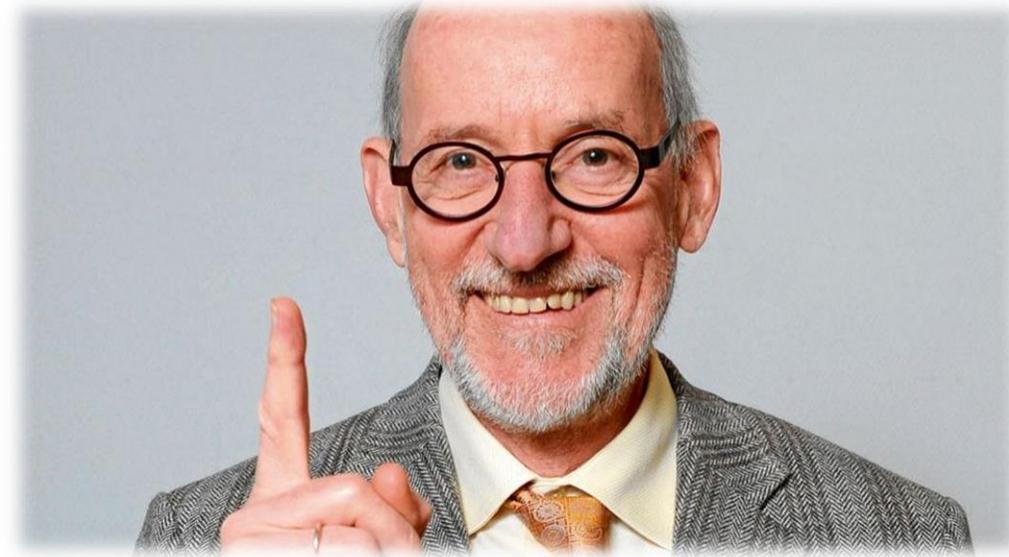
December 1977

## NANOCAPSULES: A NEW TYPE OF LYSOSOMOTROPIC CARRIER

P. COUVREUR<sup>+</sup>, P. TULKENS<sup>‡</sup>, M. ROLAND<sup>+</sup>, A. TROUET<sup>‡</sup> and P. SPEISER<sup>\*</sup>

<sup>+</sup>Laboratoire de Pharmacie Galénique, Université Catholique de Louvain, B-1200 Brussels, <sup>‡</sup>Laboratoire de Chimie Physiologique, Université Catholique de Louvain, and International Institute of Cellular and Molecular Pathology, B-1200 Brussels, Belgium and

<sup>\*</sup>Pharmazeutische Institut, Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule, Zürich, Switzerland



Premier article sur les nanoparticules de polyalkylcyanoacrylates

J. Pharm. Pharmacol. 1979, 31: 331

## COMMUNICATIONS

Polycyanoacrylate nanocapsules as potential lysosomotropic carriers: preparation, morphological and sorptive properties

P. COUVREUR<sup>\*§</sup>, B. KANTE<sup>\*</sup>, M. ROLAND<sup>\*</sup>, P. GUIOT<sup>†</sup>, P. BAUDUIN<sup>†</sup>, P. SPEISER<sup>‡</sup>, <sup>\*</sup>Laboratoire de Pharmacie Galénique, Université Catholique de Louvain, B-1200 Bruxelles Belgium. <sup>†</sup>Laboratoire de Chimie Physiologique, Université Catholique de Louvain and International Institute of Cellular and Molecular Pathology, B-1200 Bruxelles, Belgium. <sup>‡</sup>Pharmazeutische Institut, Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule, CH-Zürich, Switzerland.

[M]acro-  
molecular Chemistry and Physics

Article

**Adhesion behavior of rat lymphocytes on poly( $\gamma$ -benzyl L-glutamate) derivatives having hydroxyl groups or poly(ethylene glycol) chains**

Takao Nishimura, Yuichi Sato, Masayuki Kazunori Kataoka, Teruo Okano, Yasuhisa

1984

[M]acro-  
molecular Rapid Communications

Article

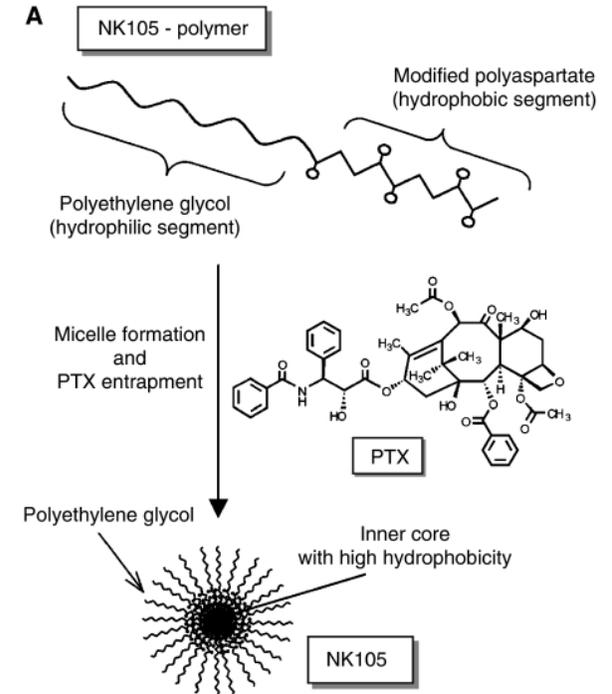
**Preparation of adriamycin-conjugated poly(ethylene glycol)-poly(aspartic acid) block copolymer. A new type of polymeric anticancer agent**

Masayuki Yokoyama, Shohei Inoue, Kazunori Kataoka, Nobuhiko Yui, Yasuhisa Sakurai

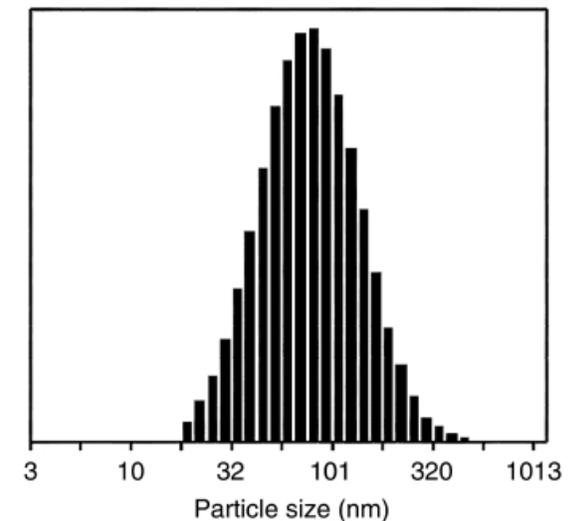
1987



Kazunori Kataoka  
Tokyo Univ. Japan



**B**



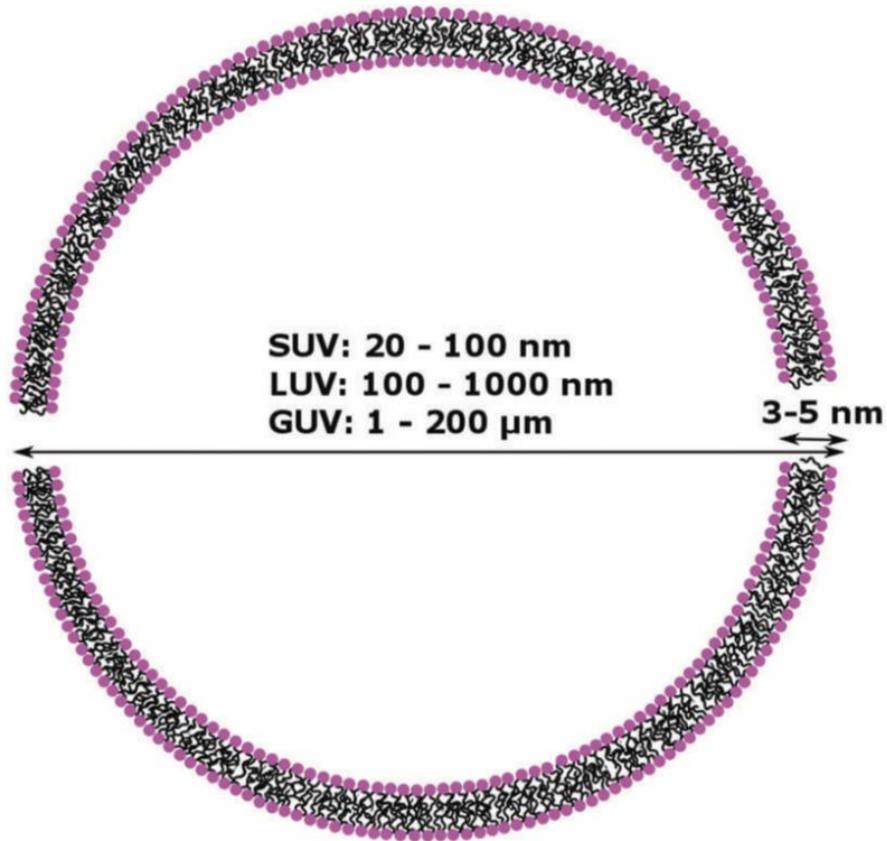


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## Le cas particulier des « vésicules »



# La découverte des liposomes



**liposome 1965**

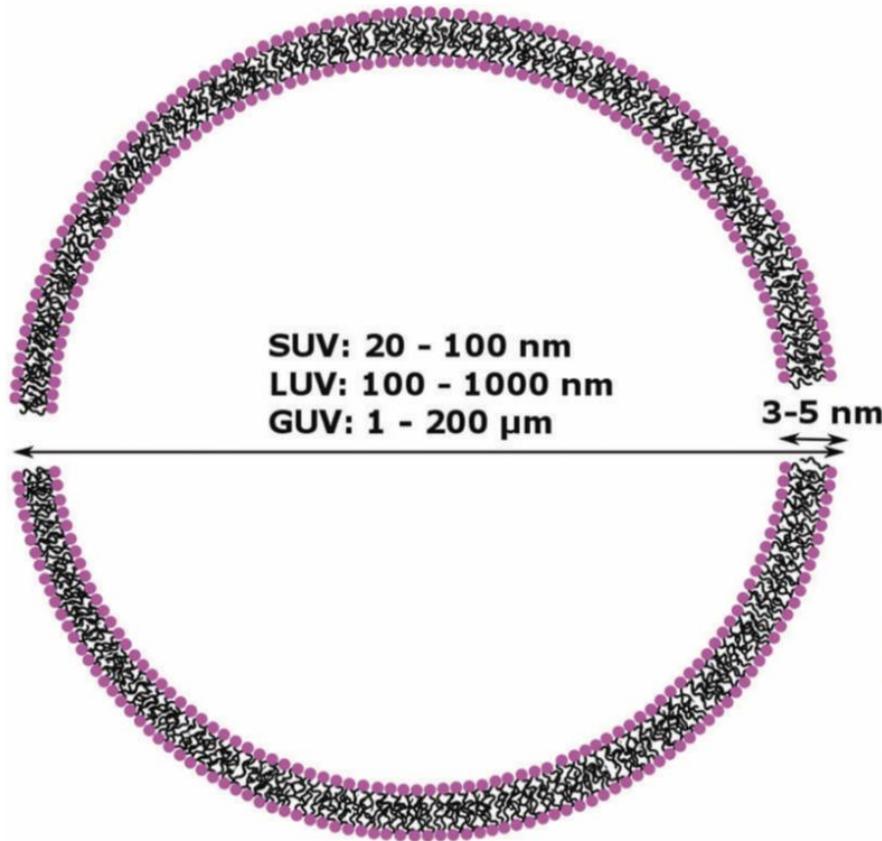
*Alec Bangham et al. J. Mol. Biol. 1965, 13, 238–252*



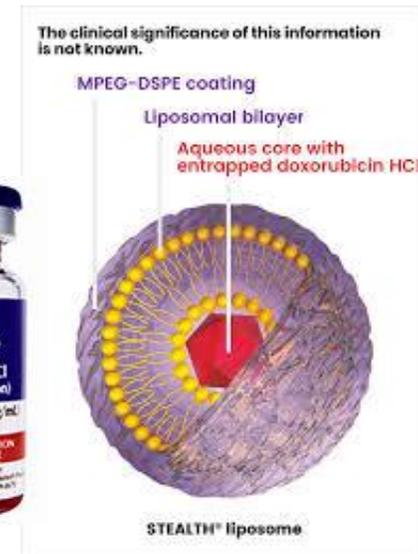
**Prof. Alec Bangham (1921-2010)**



# La découverte des liposomes



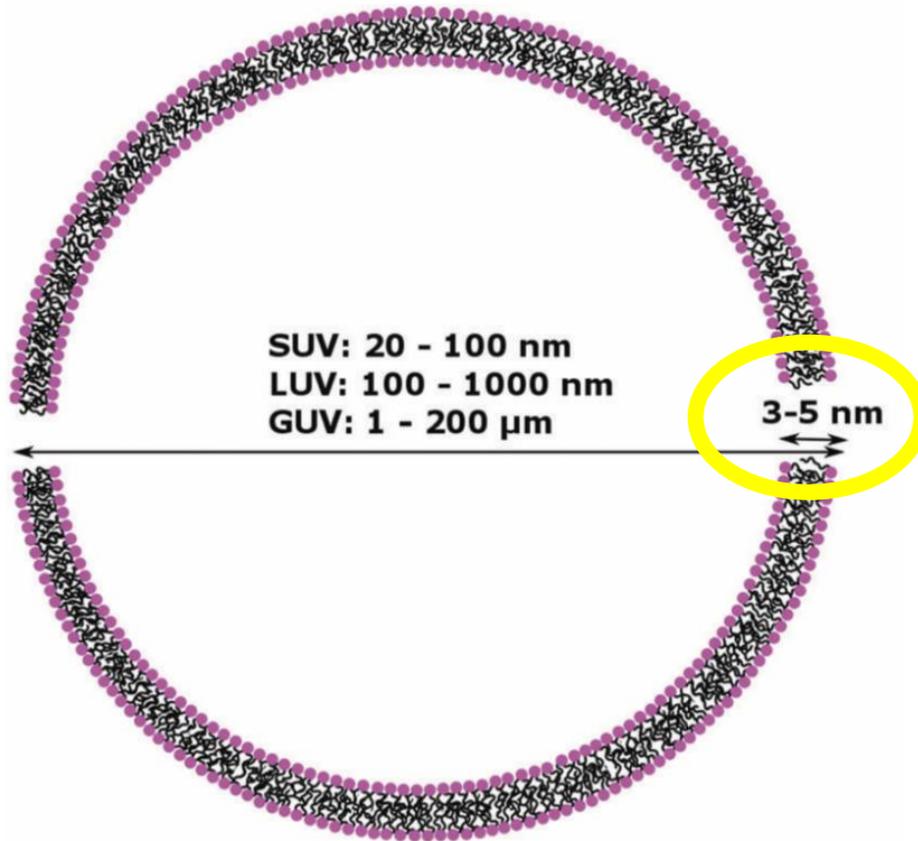
## Approval of Doxil



liposome 1965 -----> 1995

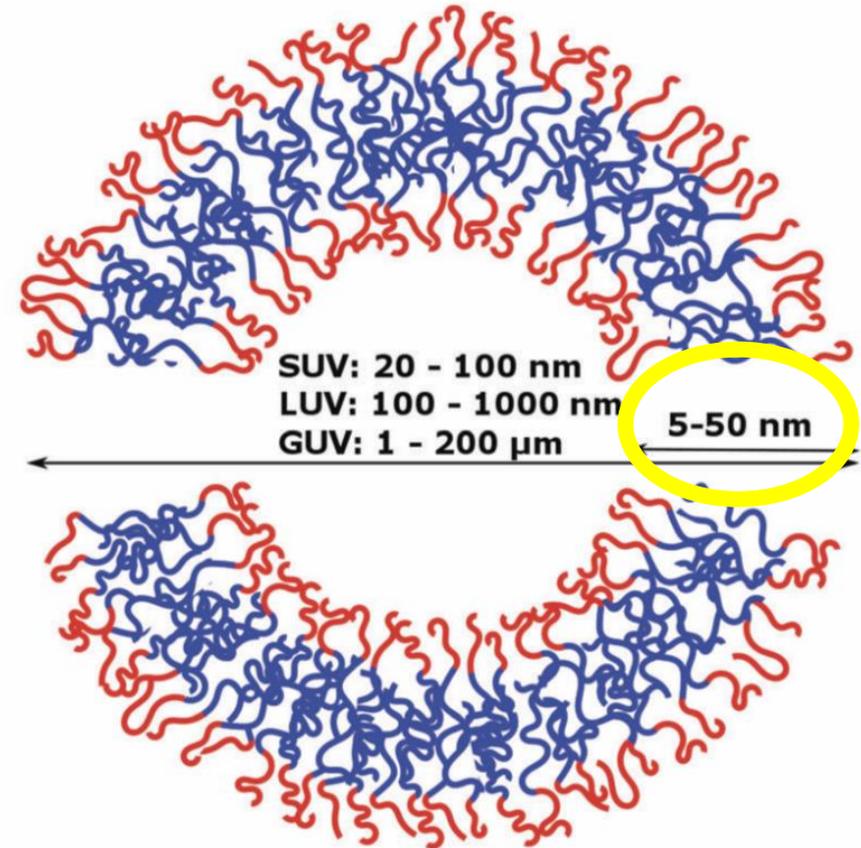
*Alec Bangham et al. J. Mol. Biol. 1965, 13, 238-252*

# La découverte des liposomes



**liposome 1965**

*Alec Bangham et al. J. Mol. Biol. 1965, 13, 238–252*



**Polymer vesicle 1995**

*Eisenberg et al. Science 1995, 268, 1728-1731*

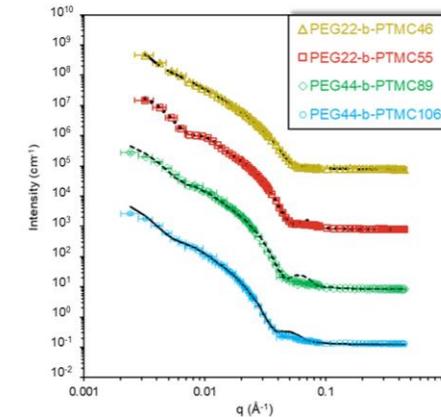
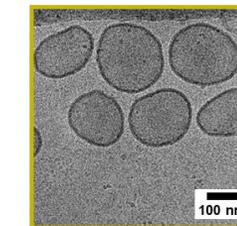
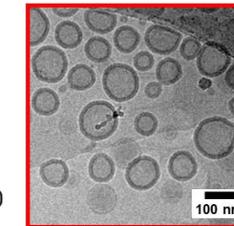
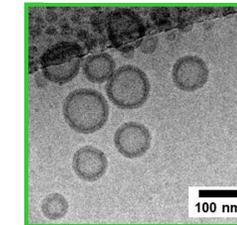
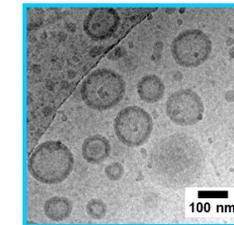
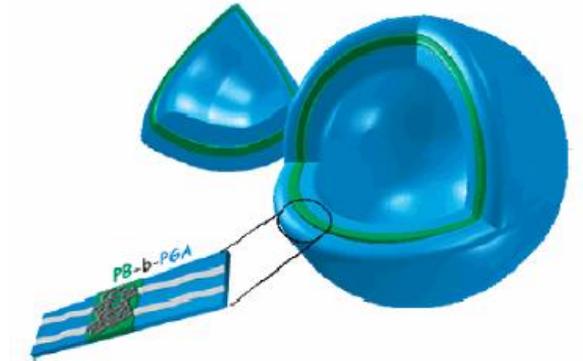
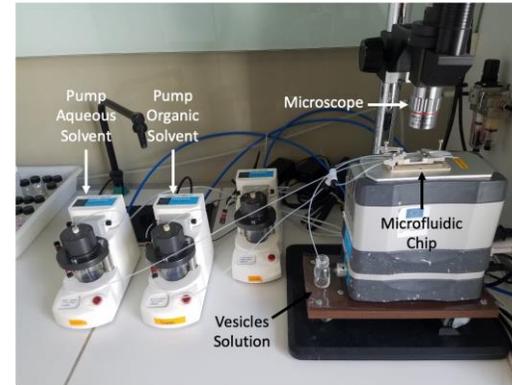
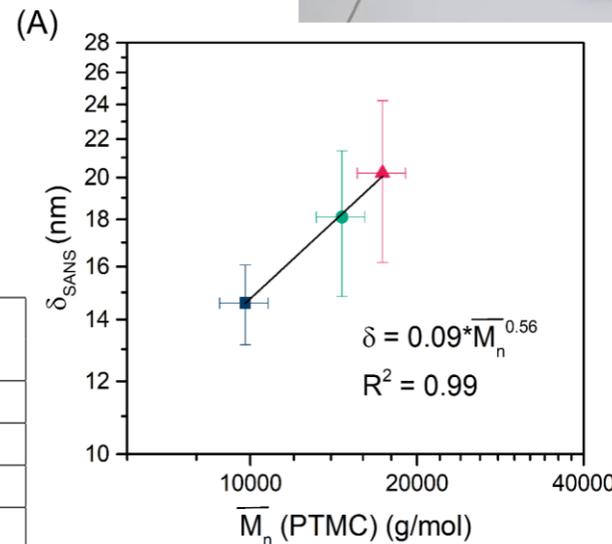
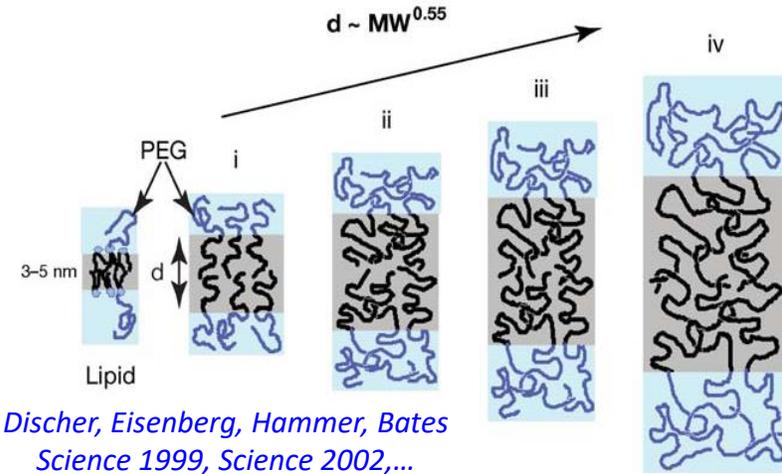
*Meijer et al. Science 1995, 268, 1592–1595*

**Polymersomes**

*Discher et al. Science 1999, 284, 1143–1146*

# L'intérêt spécifique des polymersomes

## Propriétés contrôlées par l'épaisseur de la membrane



*C. Lebleu et al. Langmuir 2019, 35, 41, 13364-13374*  
*A. Martin et al. Int. J. Pharm. 2023, 642, 123157*

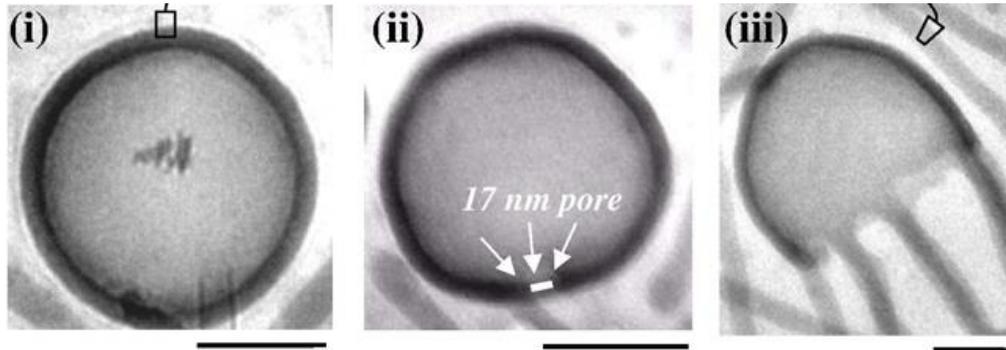
	Scaling with membrane thickness
Bending modulus (kT)	$d^{-2}$ [38]
Stretching modulus (mN/m)	$d^{-0}$ [36]
Lysis strain (%)	$d^{-0.6}$ [36] (for $M < M_c$ )
Membrane surface shear viscosity (mN/ms)	-
Membrane thickness (nm)	$M^{0.55}$ [36,49] or $M^{0.66}$ [50]
Water permeability ( $\mu\text{m/s}$ )	$d^{-1}$ [52]
Lateral diffusion coefficient ( $\mu\text{m}^2/\text{s}$ )	Rouse scaling

*JF Le Meins et al. Eur. Phys. J. E 34, 14 (2011)*

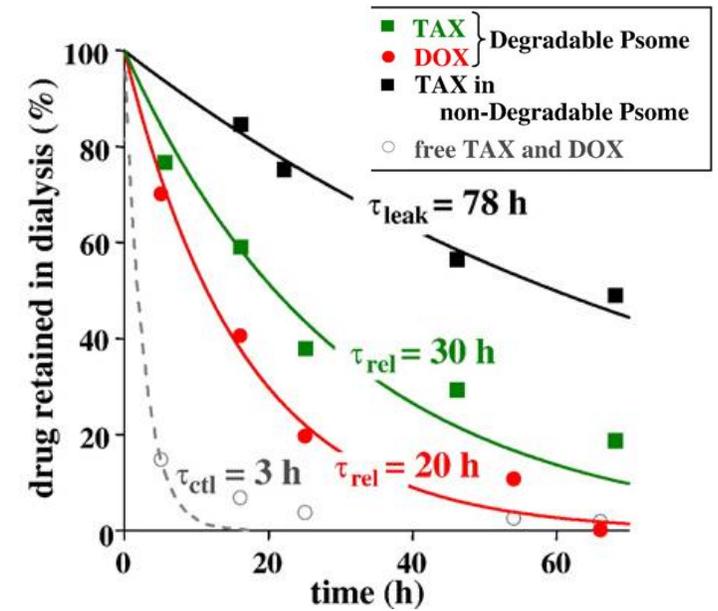
**Lois d'échelles de la physique des polymères (générales) + spécificité de la chimie**

# Capacité unique d'encapsulation des polymersomes

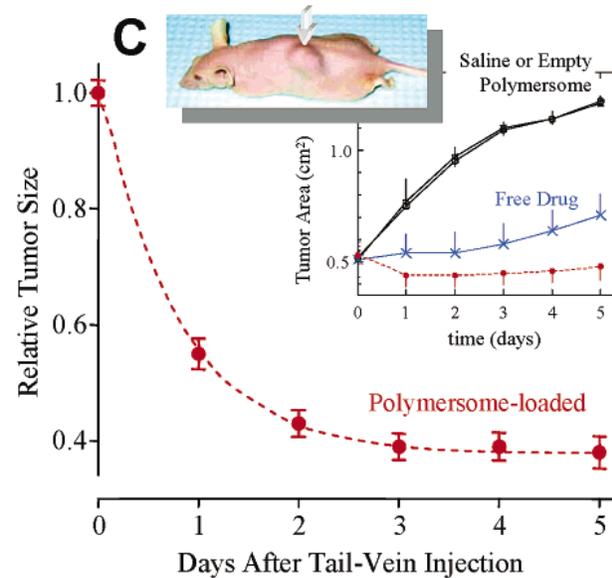
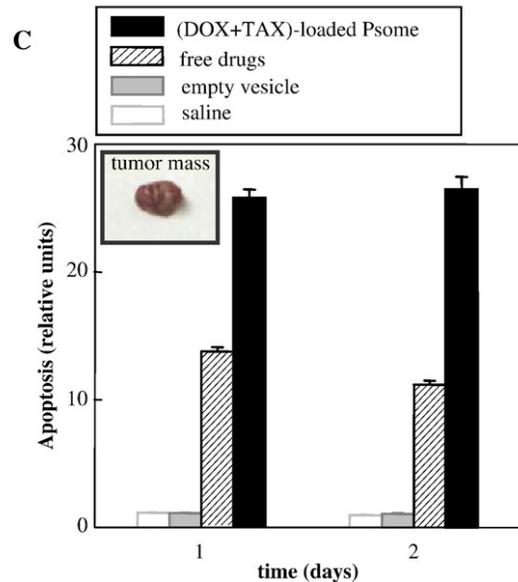
Double encapsulation de doxorubicine (DOX) and de taxol (TAX) dans des polymersomes biodégradables



PLA-*b*-PEG polymersome degradation in neutral buffer (37° C)



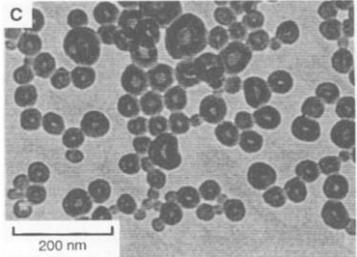
“cocktail” thérapeutique





COLLÈGE  
DE FRANCE  
—1530—

# **Les polymersomes: une nanotechnologie encore émergente et pleine de promesses**



Eisenberg Science 1995  
Meijer Science 1995

**1<sup>st</sup> polymersome  
observation  
1995**

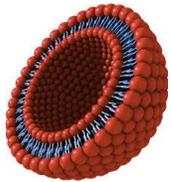
1965

1995

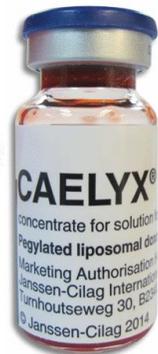
**liposomes**

Bangham et al.

*J. Mol. Biol.* **1965**, 13, 238–252



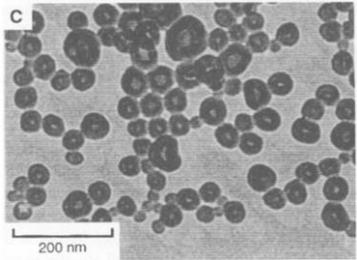
**Approval of Doxil**



**Nowadays, 15  
formulations on the  
market in medicine**



# L'histoire des polymersomes

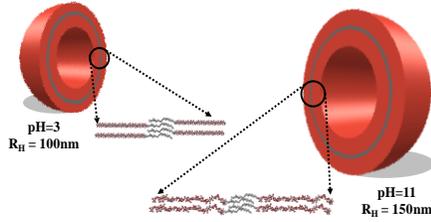


Eisenberg Science 1995  
Meijer Science 1995

**1<sup>st</sup> polymersome observation**  
1995

**PB-*b*-PGA dibloc**

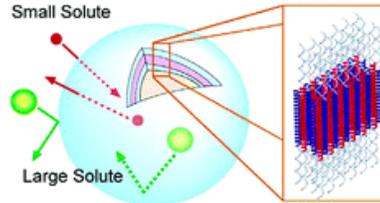
Lecommandoux  
Angew. Chem. 41, 1339 (2002)  
Schlaad, JACS 124, 1658 (2002)



**Polypeptide-based pH-responsive**  
2002



**PLys-*b*-PEO/PGA-*b*-PEO dibloc**



2005

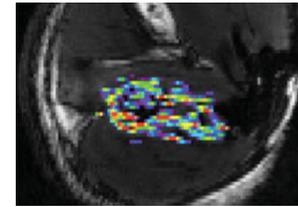
Kataoka  
JACS (2006) 128, 5988

2006

**PTMC-*b*-PGA dibloc**

Lecommandoux  
Advanced Materials 17, 712 (2005)  
J. Control. Rel. 147, 428 (2010)  
ACS Nano 5, 1122 (2011)

**Magnetic & Theranostic**



2010

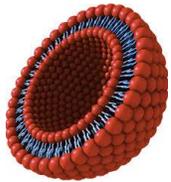


2020

1965

**liposomes**

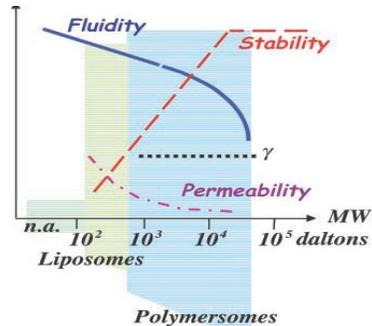
Bangham et al.  
J. Mol. Biol. 1965, 13, 238–252



1999 - 2002

**Elucidation of scaling laws**

Discher, Eisenberg, Hammer  
Science (1999) 284, 1143  
Science (2002) 297, 967

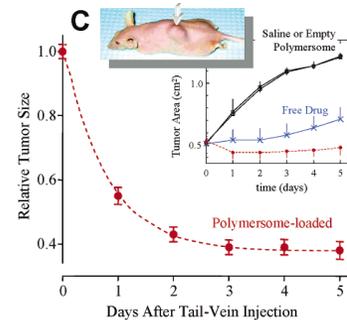


**PB-*b*-PEO dibloc**

2006

**Cocktail therapy**

Discher  
J. Control. Rel. 116 (2006) 150–158

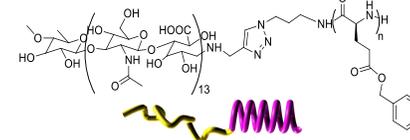


**PLA-*b*-PEO dibloc**

2009

**Glycopeptosome**

Lecommandoux  
Angew. Chem. (2009) 48, 2572



**HA-*b*-PBLG dibloc**

**ADOCIA**

innovative medicine for everyone, everywhere



2024

**doxananc**  
remotely activated chemotherapy

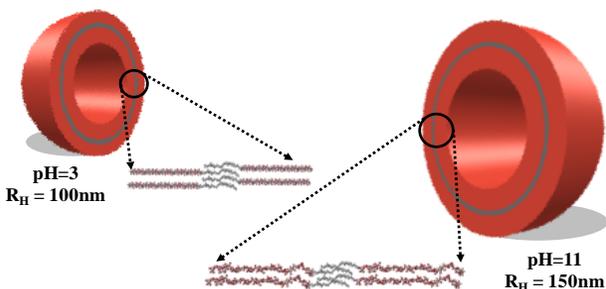




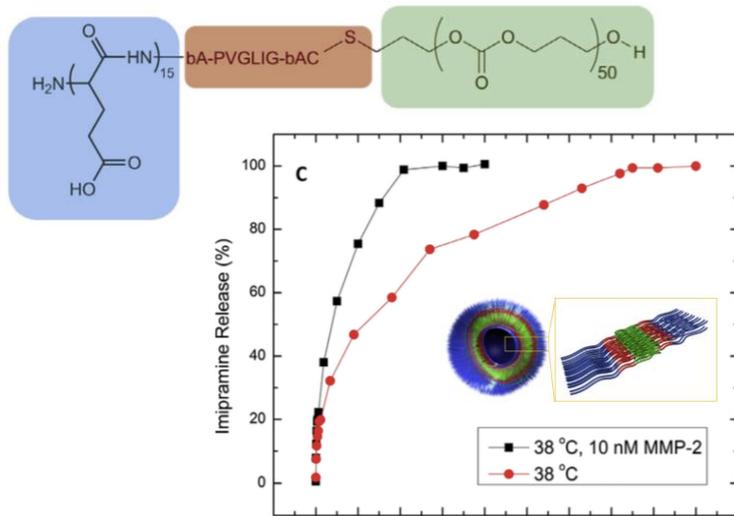
COLLÈGE  
DE FRANCE  
— 1530 —

# Les polymersomes à base de polypeptides

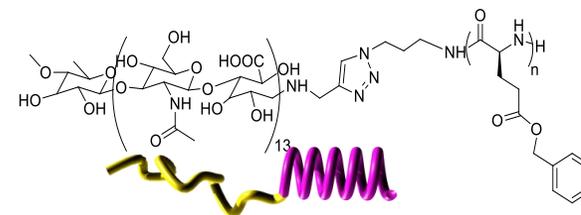
# Les polymersomes à base de polypeptides



**Répondant au pH**  
*Angew. Chem. 2002*

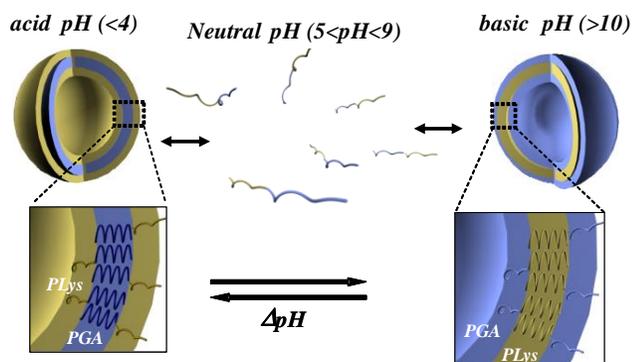
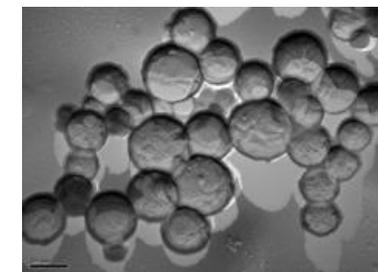


**Répondant aux enzymes (MMP2)**  
*Biomacromolecules 2014; Eur. Polym. J. 2015*

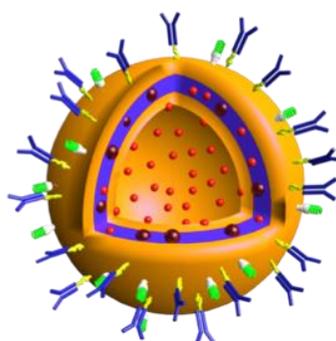


**Polymersomes "auto-ciblants"**

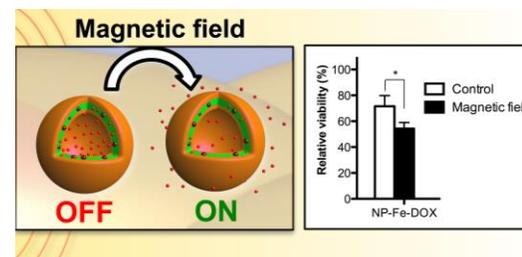
*Angew. Chem. 2009*  
*Biomacromolecules 2009*  
*Patent FR 2009/001263*  
*WO 2010/049611 A1*



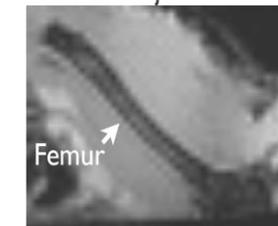
**Répondant doublement au pH (Schizophrenie)**  
*JACS 2005*



**Répondant au champ magnétique et ciblant les tumeurs**



Pre injection

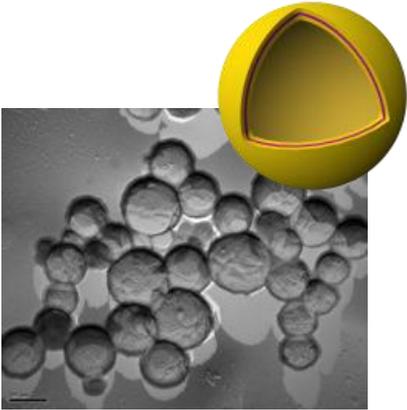


Post injection

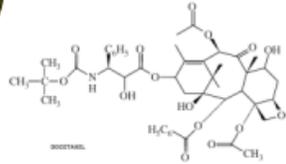


*Advanced Materials 2005; ACS Nano 2011; Contr. Rel. 2013; Adv. Health. Mater. 2013*

# Les polymersomes à base de polypeptides



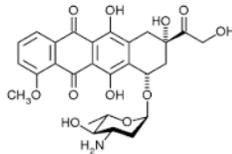
Docetaxel



$R_H=130nm$   
loading=11wt%



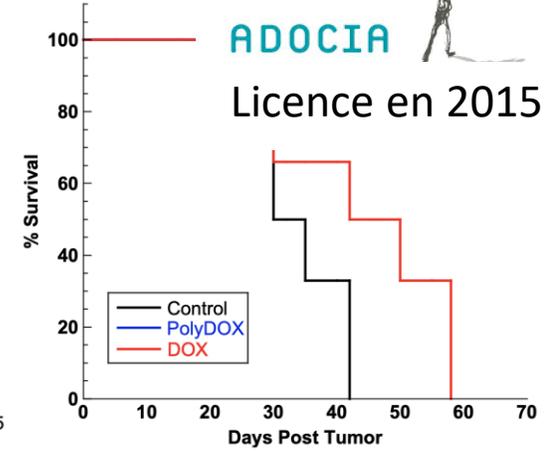
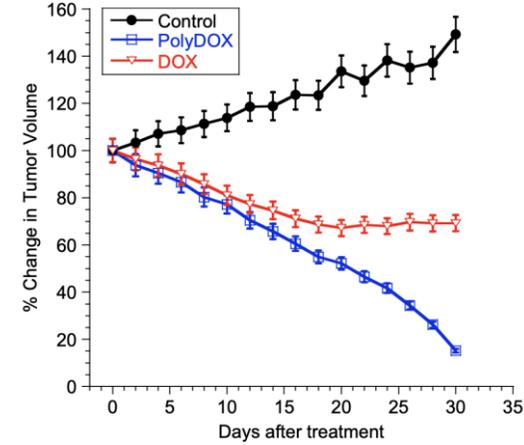
Doxorubicin



$R_H=200nm$   
loading=12wt%



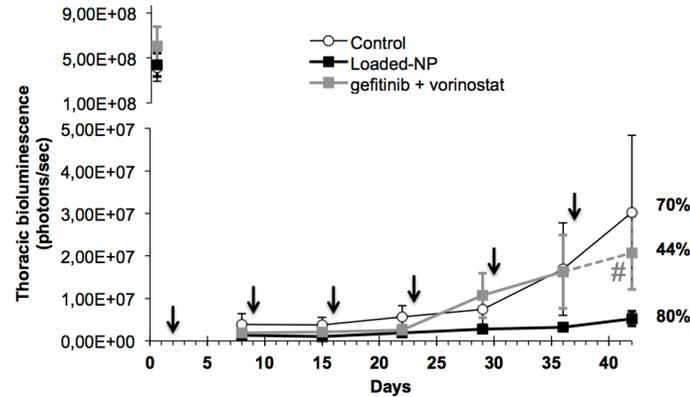
## Capacité de double encapsulation



## Régression tumorale (sein) et diminution de toxicité



J.L. Coll  
A. Hurbin

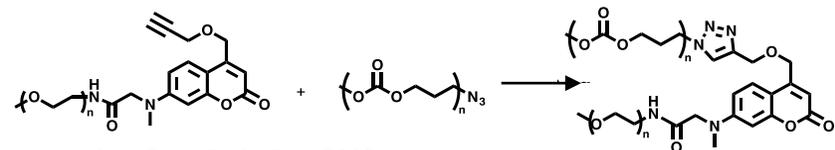


## Cocktail thérapeutique et efficacité (poumon)

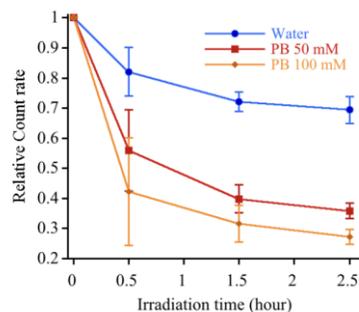
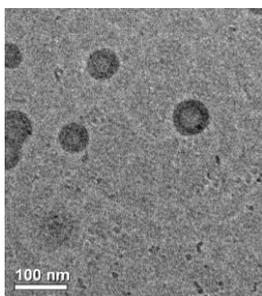
*J. Control. Release 2018*

# Les polymersomes de seconde génération

*Innover plus simplement*



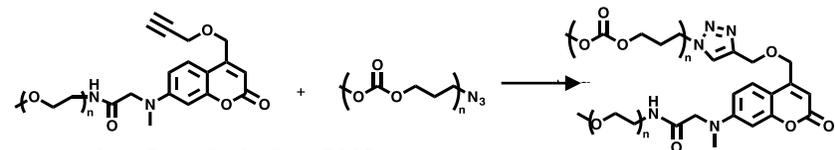
*Adv. Drug Deliv. Rev. 2019*



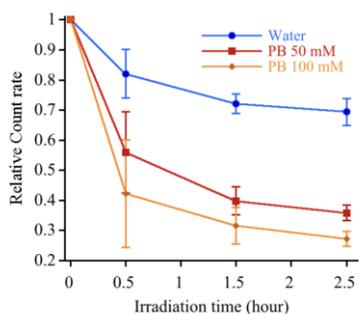
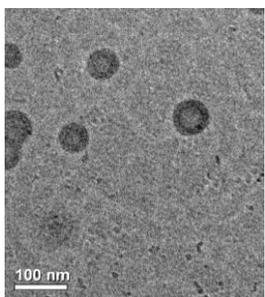
**Clivables par la lumière**

# Les polymersomes de seconde génération

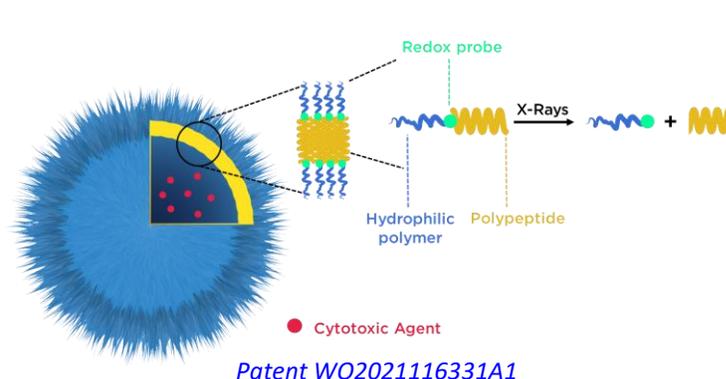
Innovate plus simplement... avec un control spatio-temporel



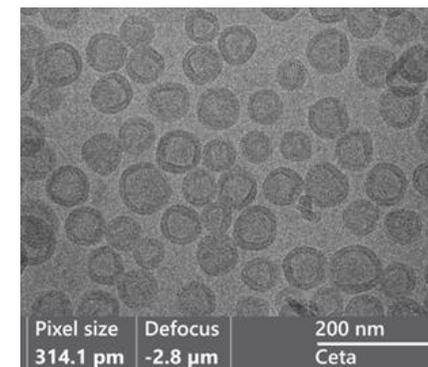
Adv. Drug Deliv. Rev. 2019



Clivables par la lumière



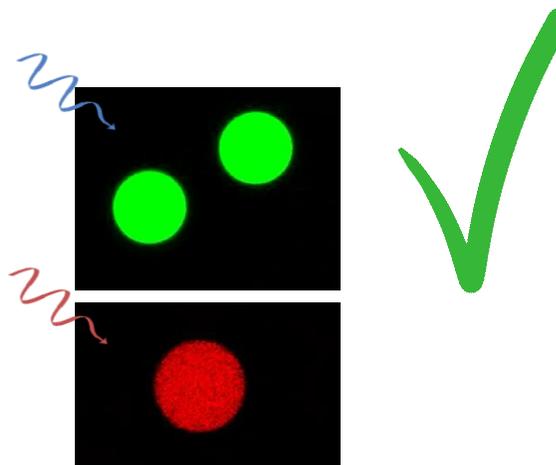
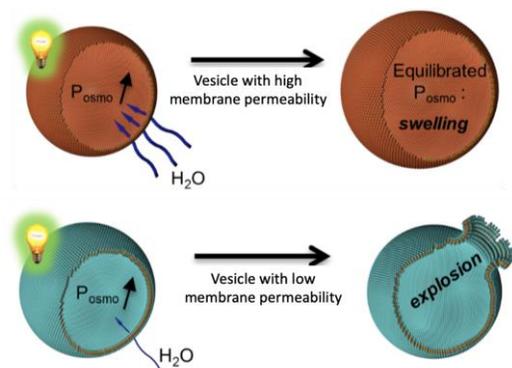
Clivables par les Rayons-X



doxanano<sup>®</sup>  
remotely activated chemotherapy

Licence en 2024

Explosion sous lumière



Isabel Marey-Semper

Angew. Chem. 2017; Langmuir 2019



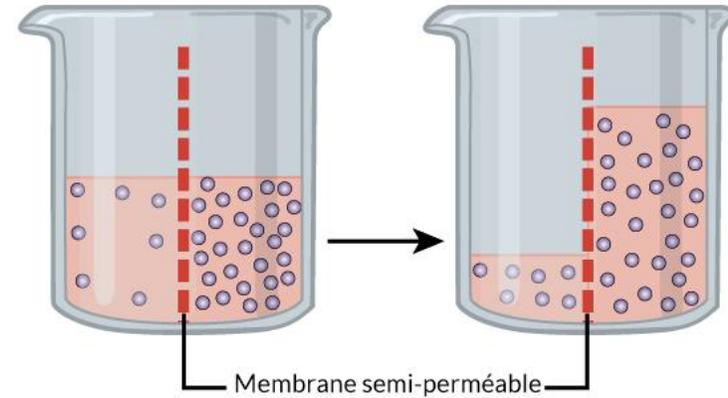
# L'effet de la pression osmotique



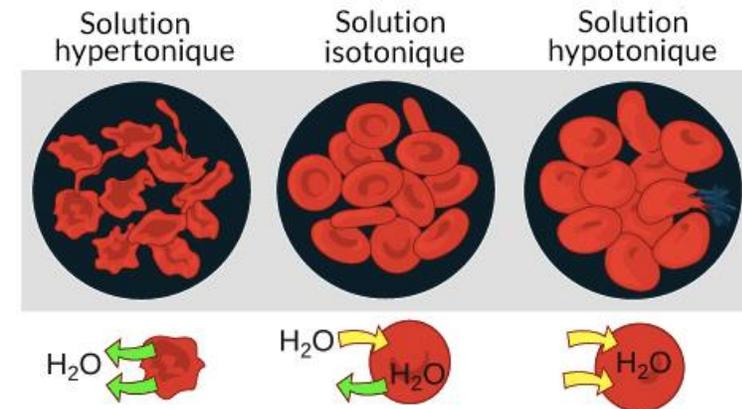
Abbé Nollet (1748)



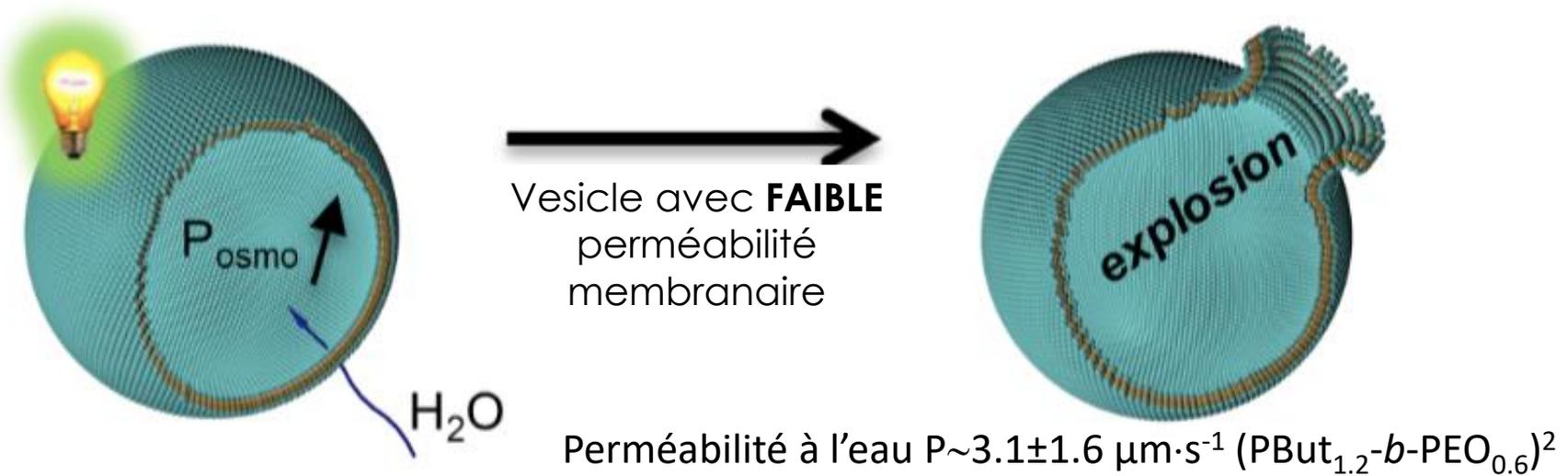
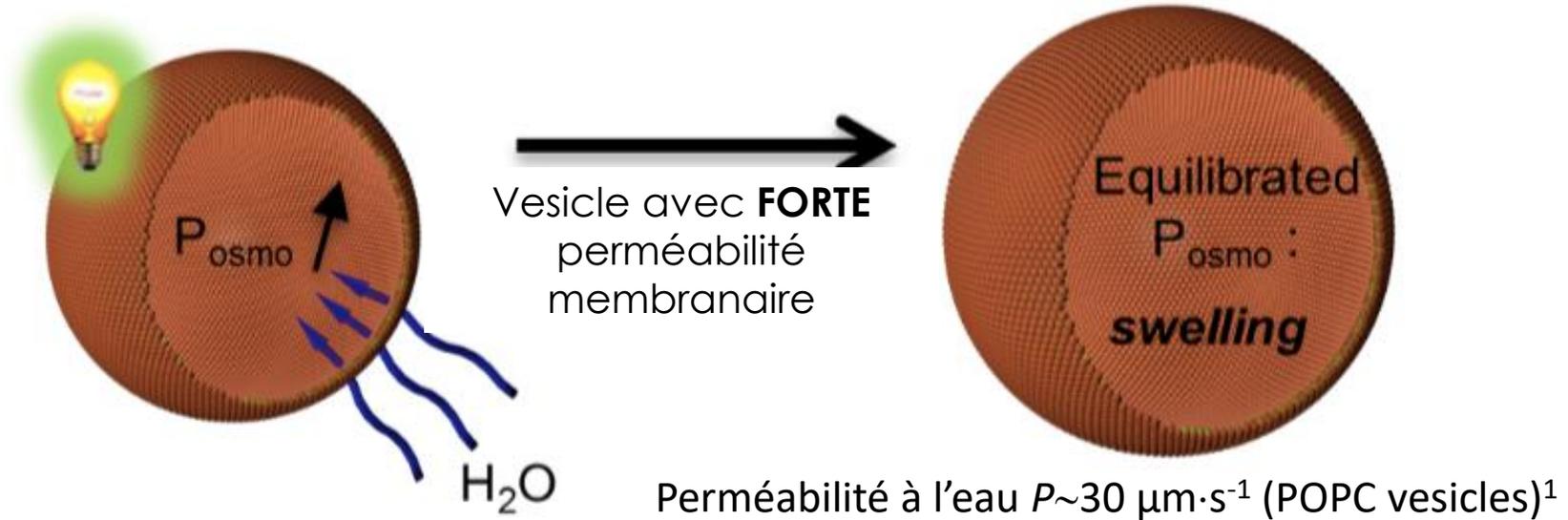
van 't Hoff, prix Nobel de Chimie en 1901 « pour la dynamique chimie et la pression osmotique »



$$\Pi = C.R.T \text{ (en Pa)} \quad C \text{ en mol/m}^3$$

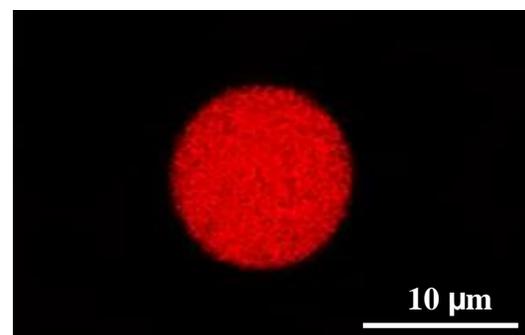
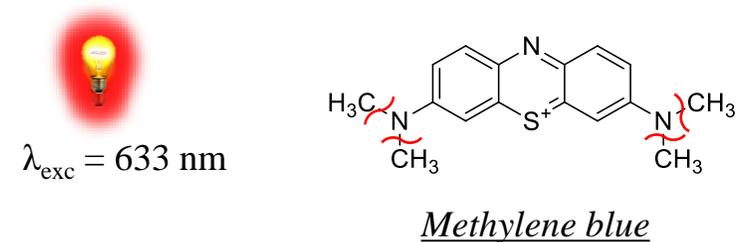
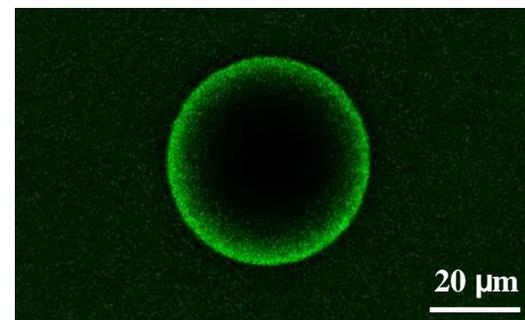
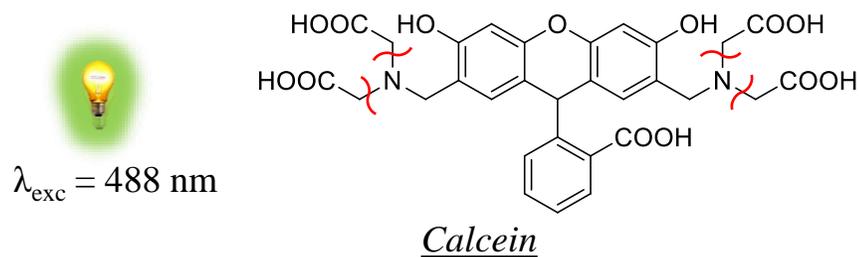
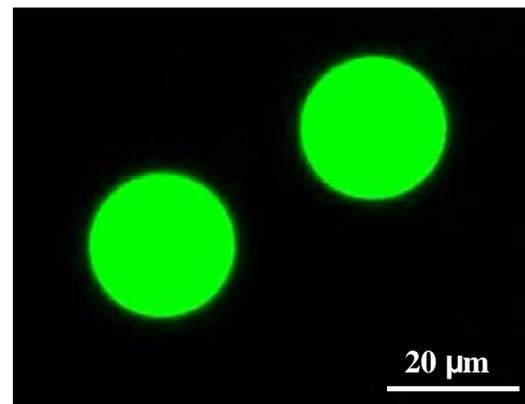
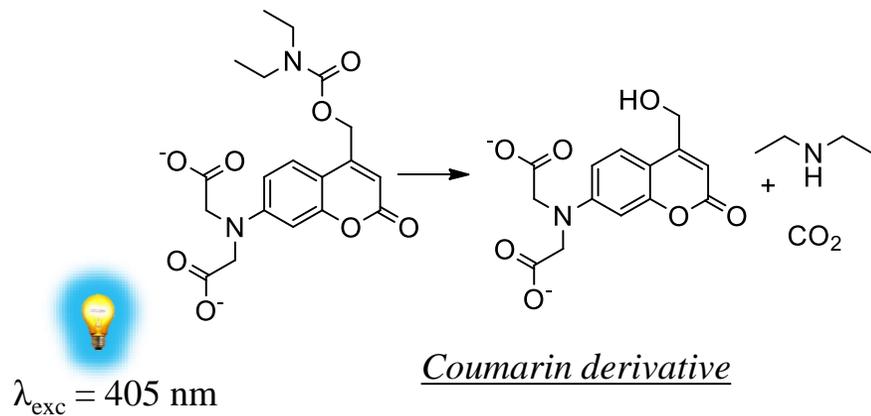


# L'effet de la pression osmotique

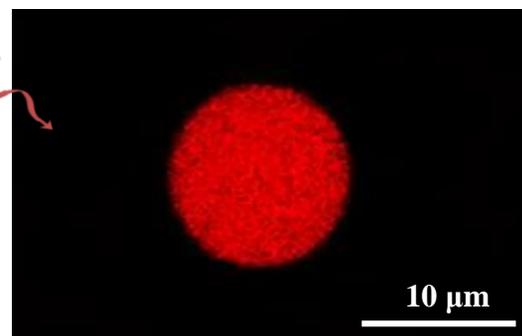
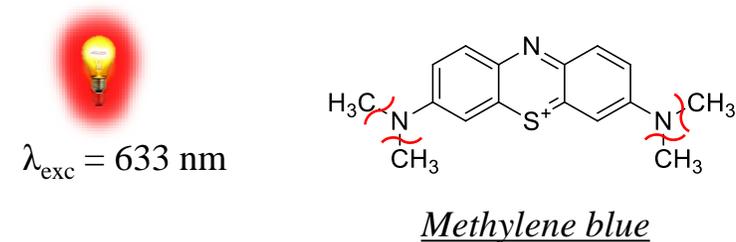
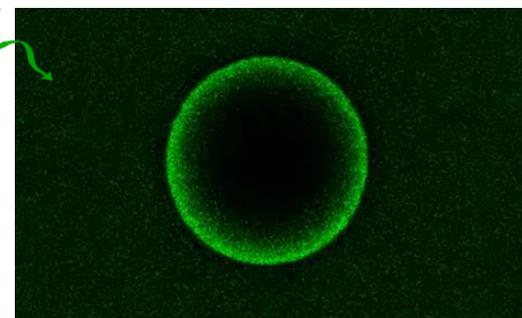
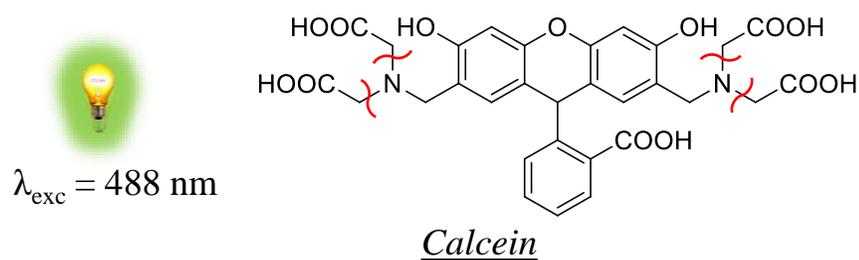
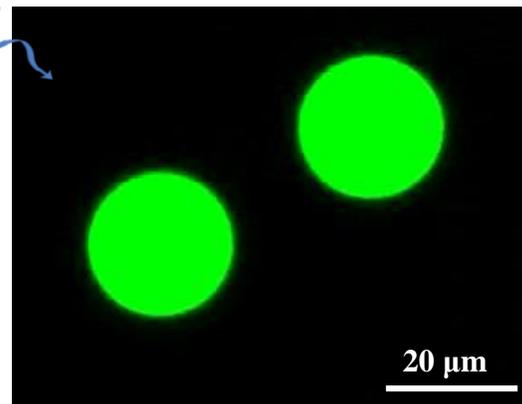
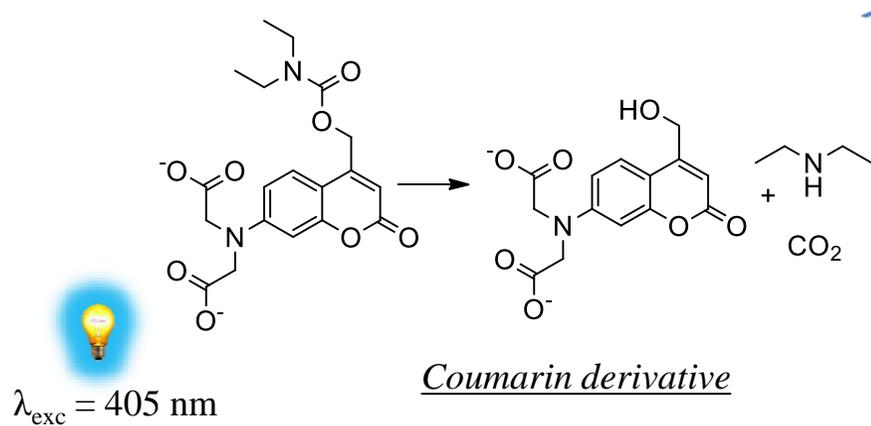


1. Olbrich, K. et al. *Biophys. J.* **79**, 321–327 (2000).  
2. Carlsen, A. et al. *Langmuir* **27**, 4884–4890 (2011)

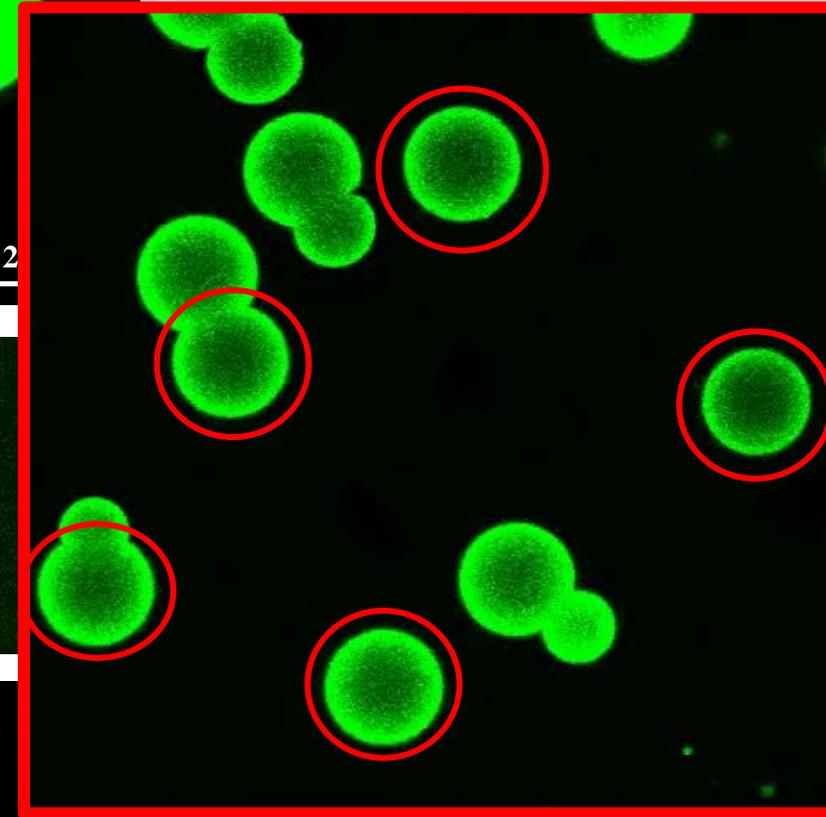
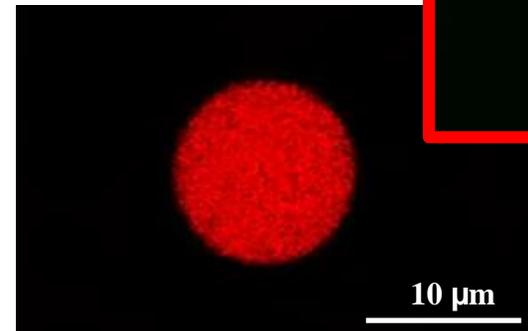
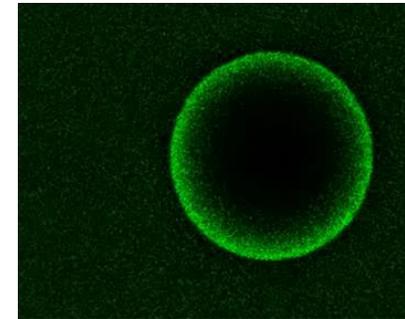
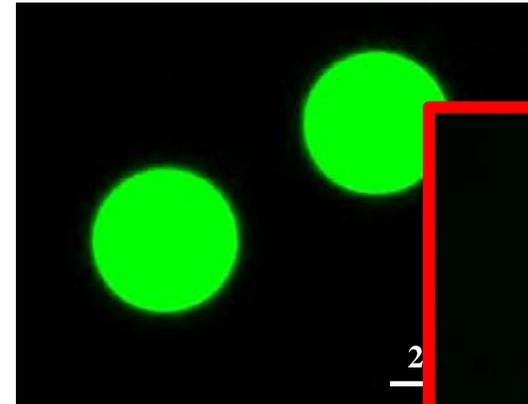
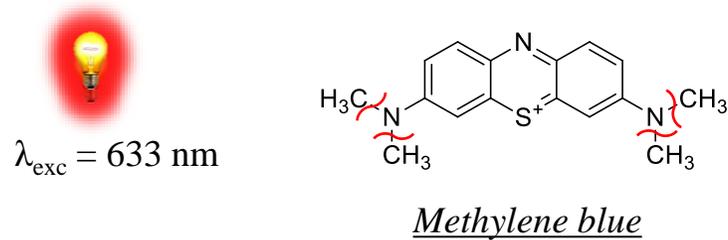
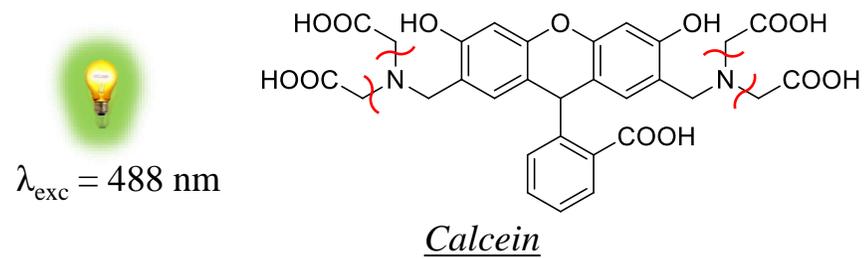
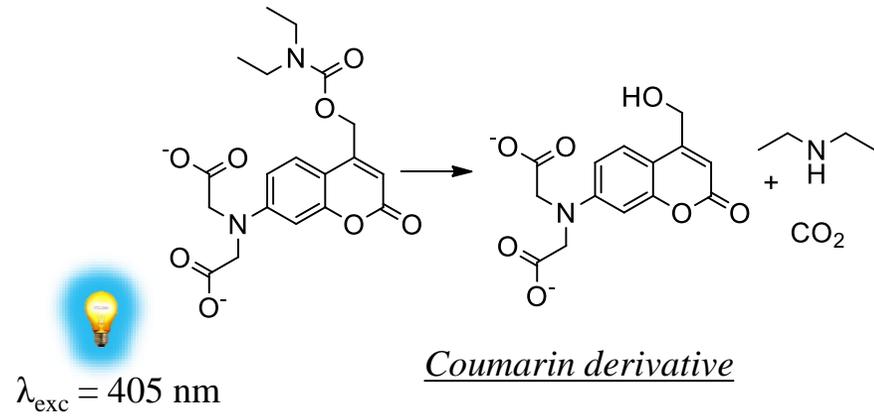
# L'effet de la pression osmotique



# L'effet de la pression osmotique

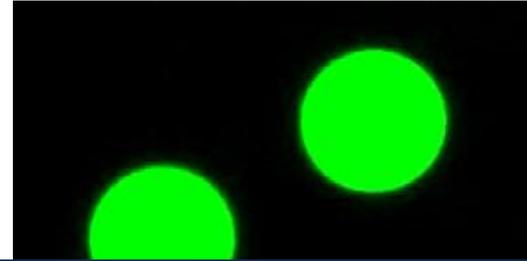
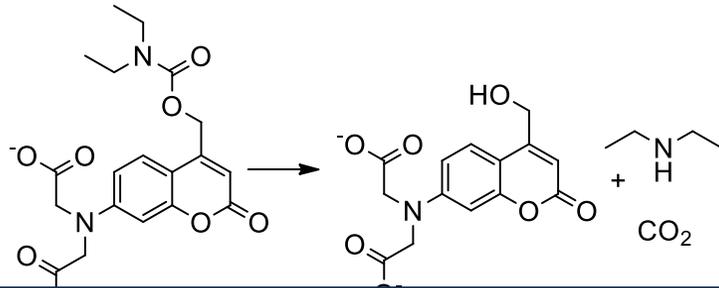


# L'effet de la pression osmotique

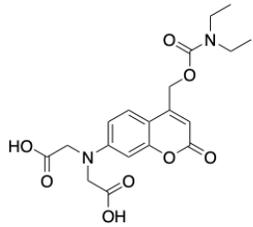


**Rupture sélective des vésicules dans le temps, l'espace (et en longueur d'onde)**

# L'effet de la pression osmotique

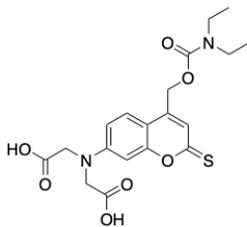


Coumarin



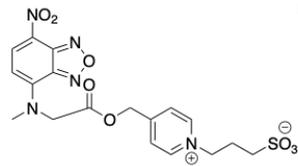
$\lambda_{\max} = 357\text{nm}$

Thiocoumarin



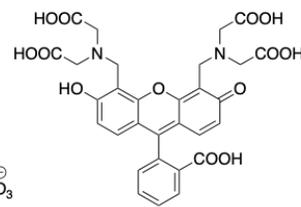
$\lambda_{\max} = 435\text{nm}$

NBD



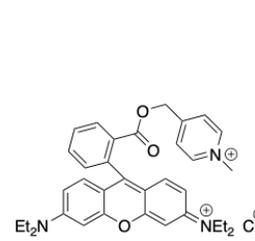
$\lambda_{\max} = 460\text{nm}$

Calcein



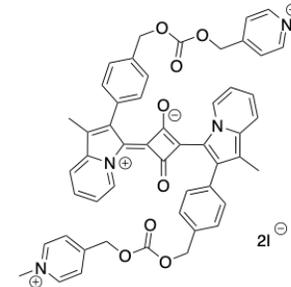
$\lambda_{\max} = 490\text{nm}$

Rhodamine B



$\lambda_{\max} = 560\text{nm}$

Squaraine

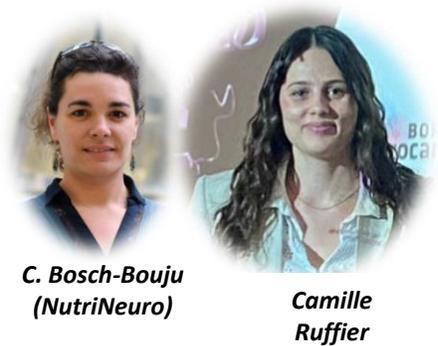
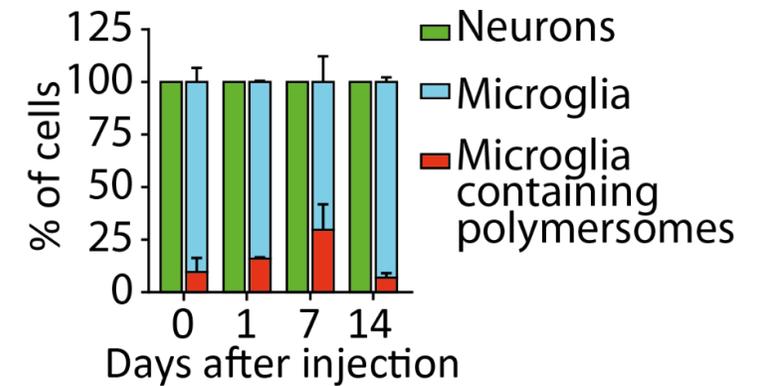
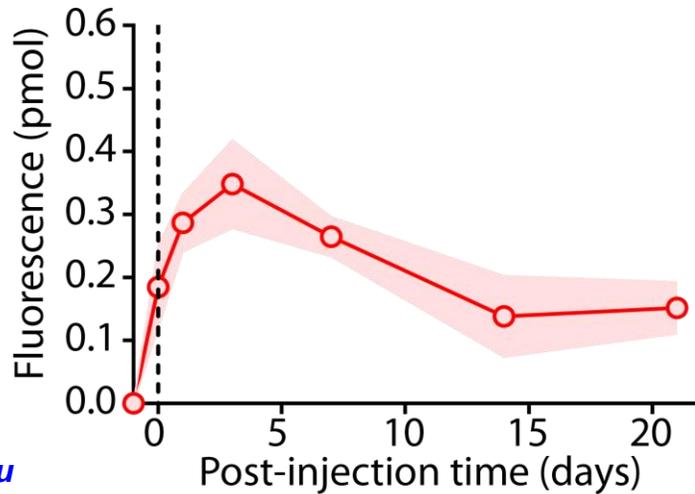
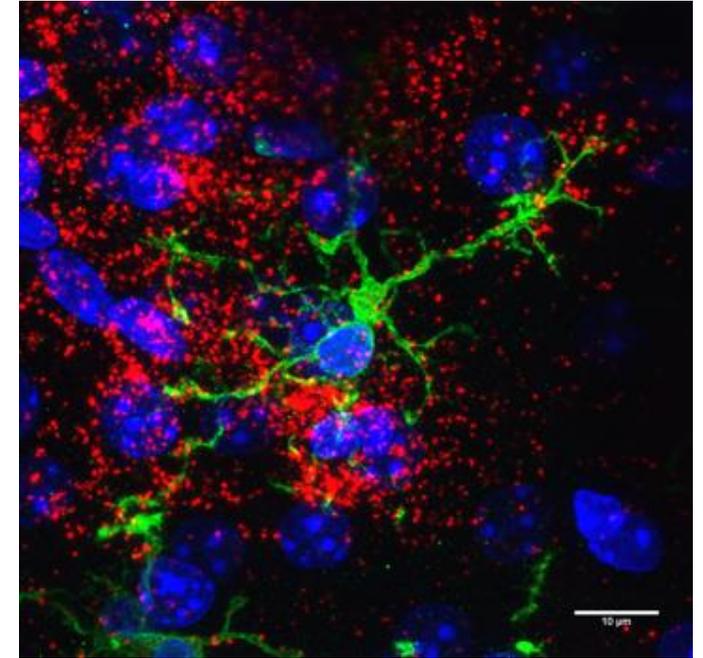
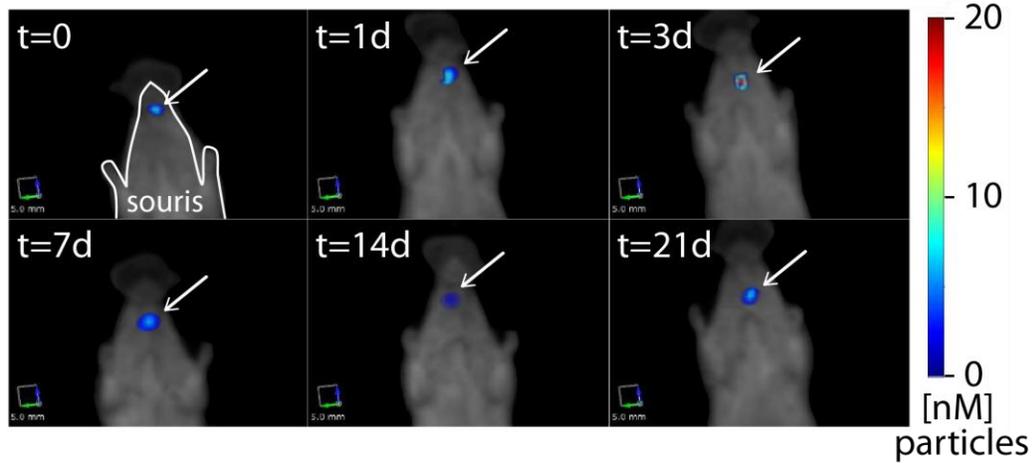


$\lambda_{\max} = 704\text{nm}$



N. McClenaghan  
(ISM Bordeaux)

## Imagerie *in vivo* imaging des nanoparticules dans le striatum



Collaboration with C. Bosch-Bouju (NutriNeuro), Camille Ruffier PhD

Nouvelles opportunités en opto-neurotechnologie

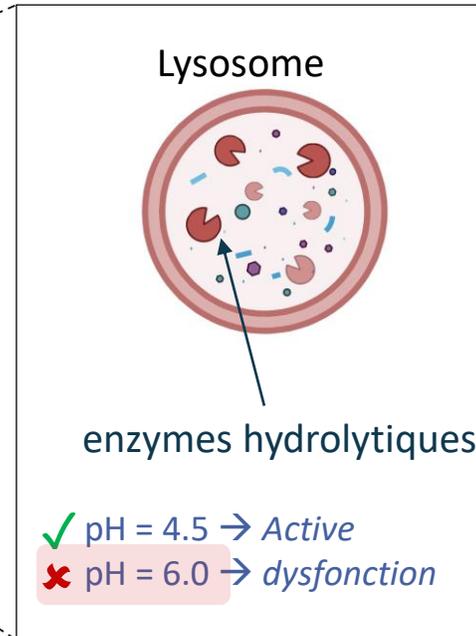
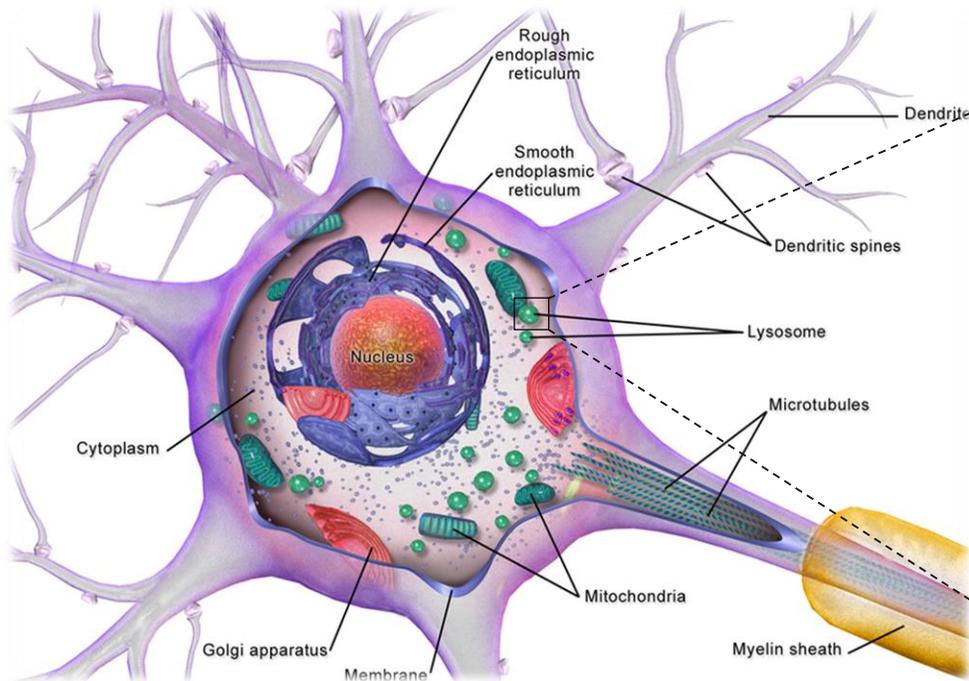


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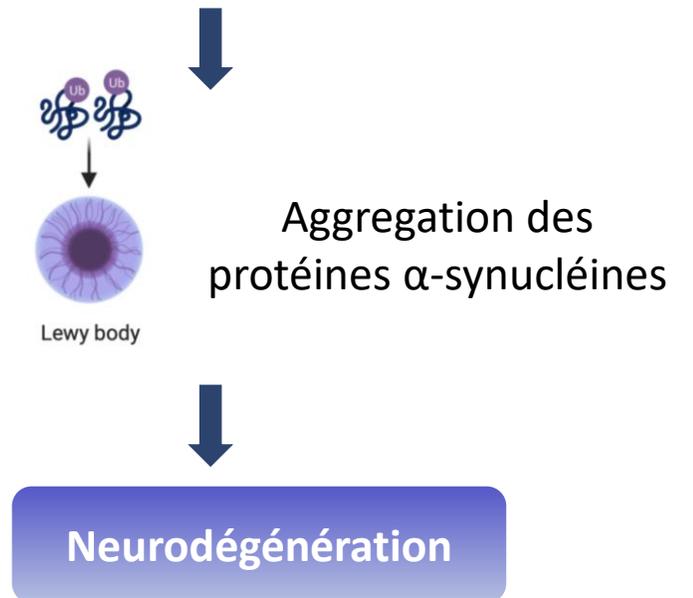
# Prochains enjeux des polymersomes en neurosciences

## Maladie de Parkinson : maladie neurodégénérative liée à un dérèglement de l'activité des lysosomes

### Neurones dopaminergiques

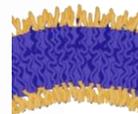
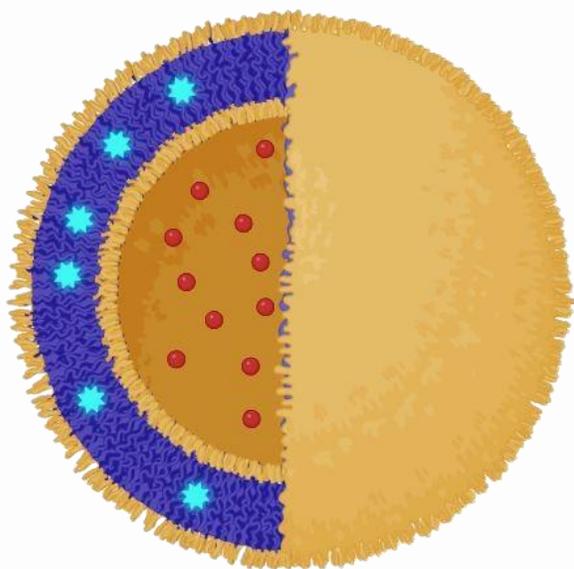


Défaillance de la voie autophagique-lysosomale dans les neurones dopaminergiques



## Maladie de Parkinson : maladie neurodégénérative liée à un dérèglement de l'activité des lysosomes

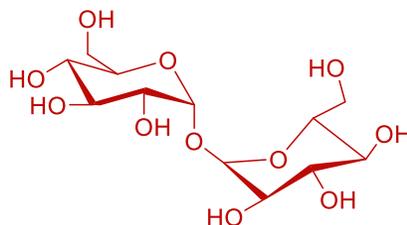
La solution



PEG-*b*-PDLLA or PEG-*b*-PLGA → acidification



Trehalose

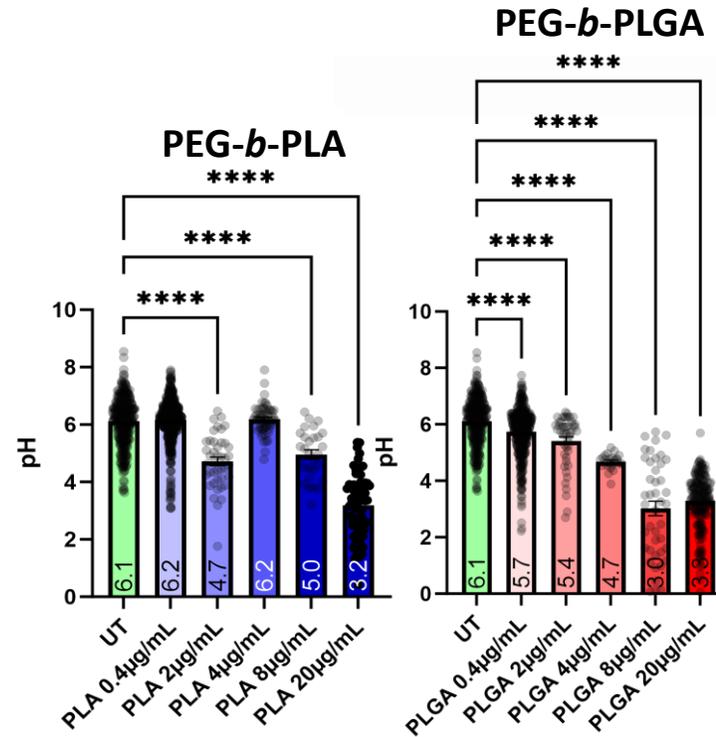
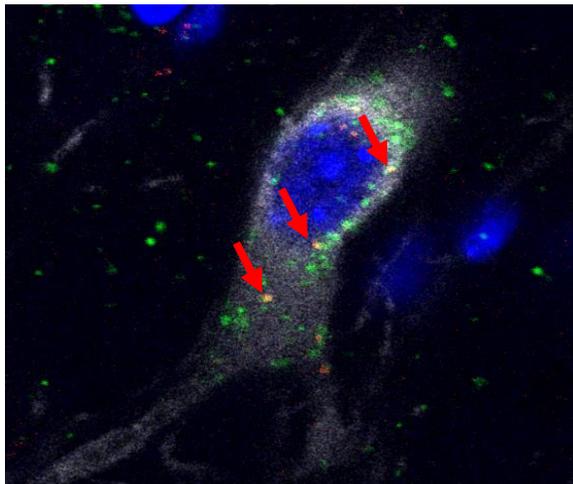
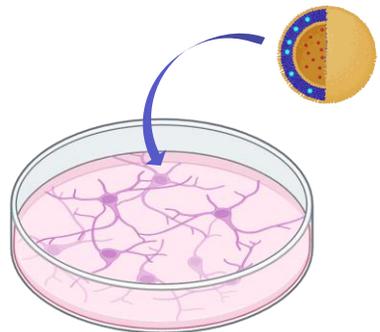
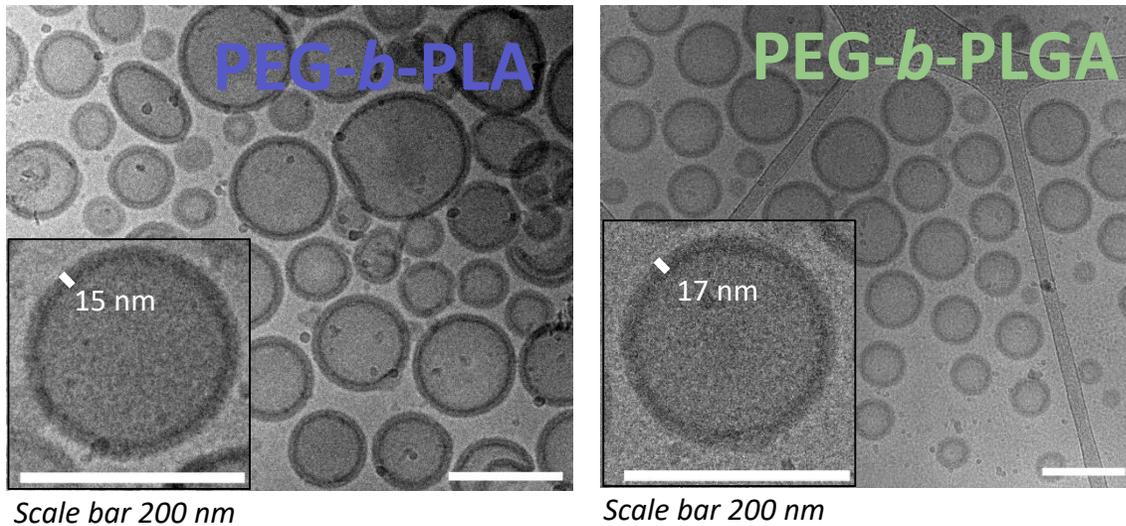


→ Activité Pharmacologique

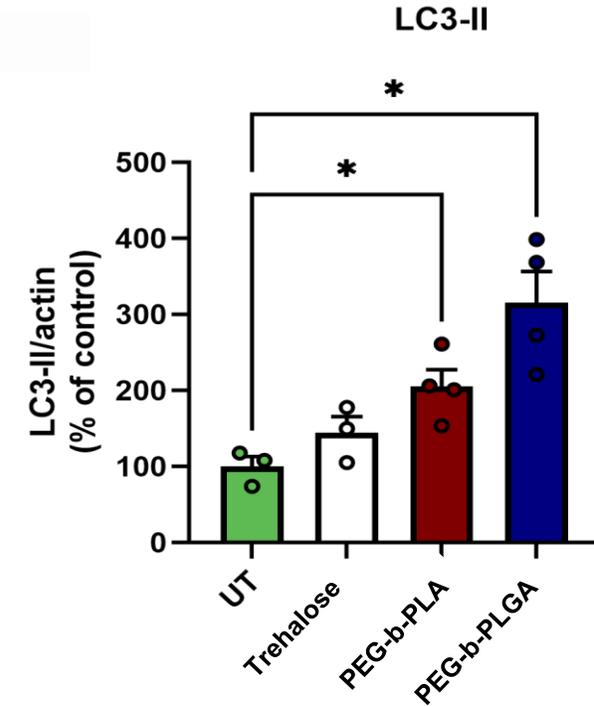


Cyanine 5.5 → Marqueur fluorescent

**Maladie de Parkinson : maladie neurodégénérative liée à un dérèglement de l'activité des lysosomes**



**acidification**



**Restauration de l'autophagie**

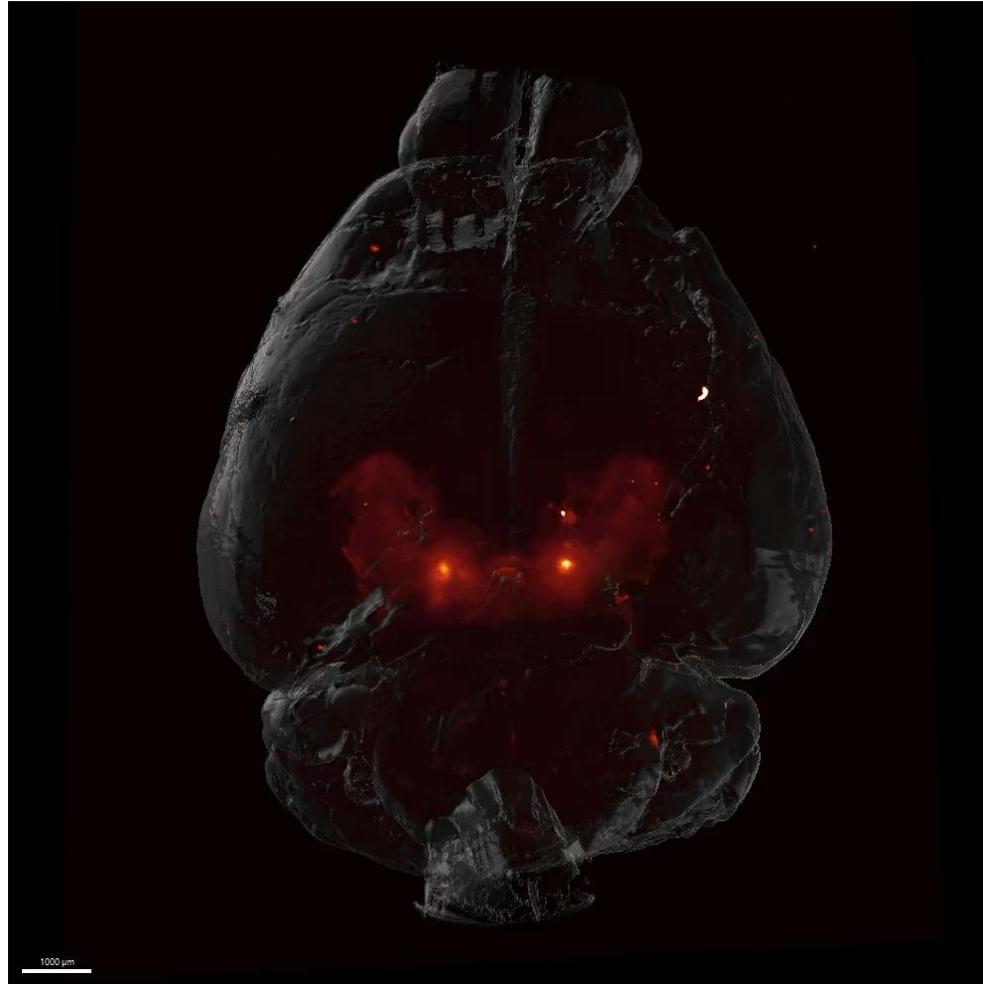


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# Prochains enjeux des polymersomes en neurosciences

**Maladie de Parkinson : maladie neurodégénérative liée à un dérèglement de l'activité des lysosomes**

***Études in vivo en cours  
(intracrânien, retro-orbital, intranasal)***





## Les nanotechnologies ont encore un bel avenir en médecine

progrès en chimie, physique et technologiques ces dernières décennies  
meilleure compréhension du vivant  
alignement technologie/physiologie

## Vers une plus grande précision

ciblage biologique/(bio)chimique  
activation physique/physico-chimique

## Approches personnalisées et généralisées

## Dans ce contexte, les nanotechnologies polymères ont des atouts

lois physiques générales  
adaptation des propriétés (par la chimie)  
prédictions thermodynamiques  
les **polymersomes** et leur versatilité/adaptabilité unique



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# Intervenantes du jour



**Isabel Marey-Semper**  
(CEO DOXANANO)

**doxanano**  
remotely activated chemotherapy



**C. Bosch-Bouju**  
(Bx-INP, NutriNeuro)





BioMACROMOLECULES



MERCI



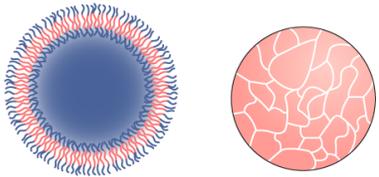
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Lab retreat, May 2024

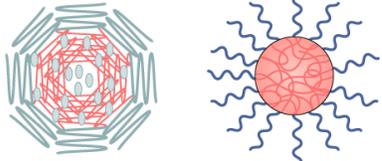
# Les principales nanomédecines

## Polymeric



Polymersome

Dendrimer

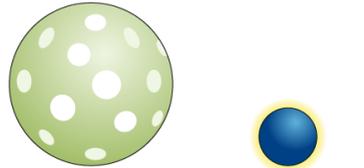


Polymer micelle

Nanosphere

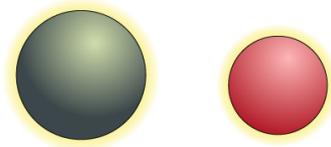
- Precise control of particle characteristics
- Payload flexibility for hydrophilic and hydrophobic cargo
- Easy surface modification
- Possibility for aggregation and toxicity

## Inorganic



Silica NP

Quantum dot

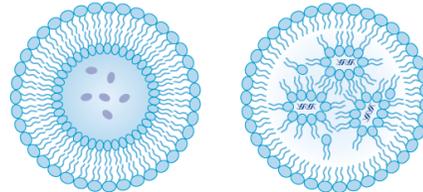


Iron oxide NP

Gold NP

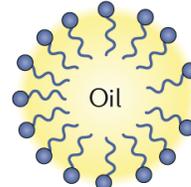
- Unique electrical, magnetic and optical properties
- Variability in size, structure and geometry
- Well suited for theranostic applications
- Toxicity and solubility limitations

## Lipid-based



Liposome

Lipid NP

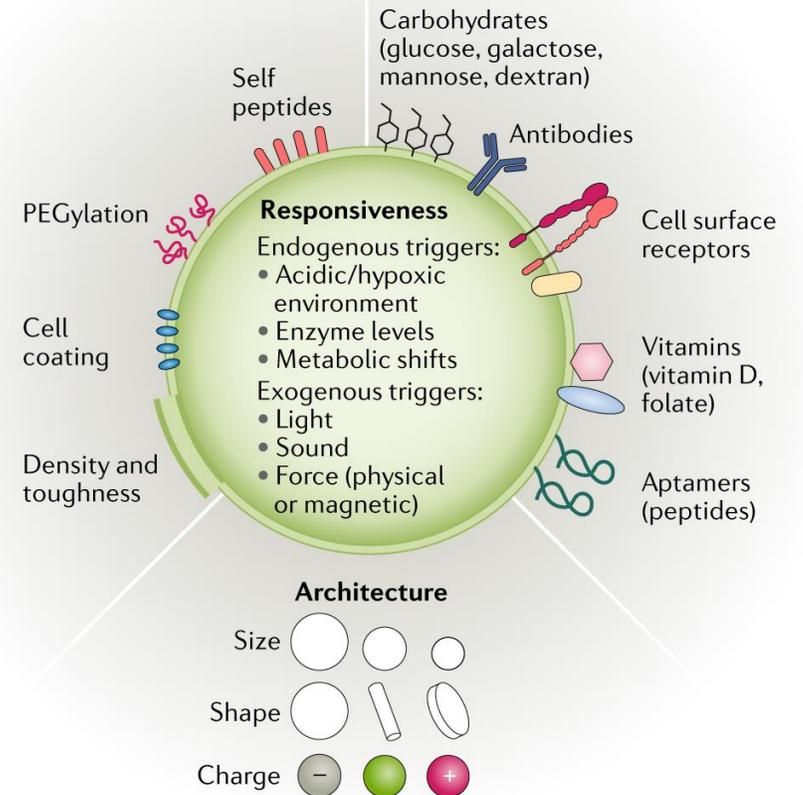


Emulsion

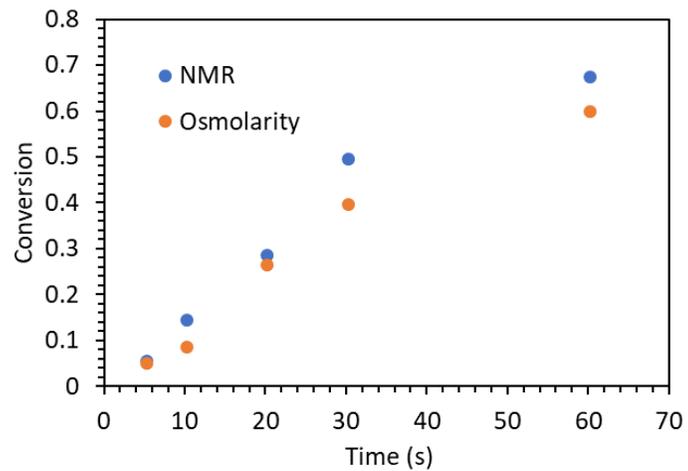
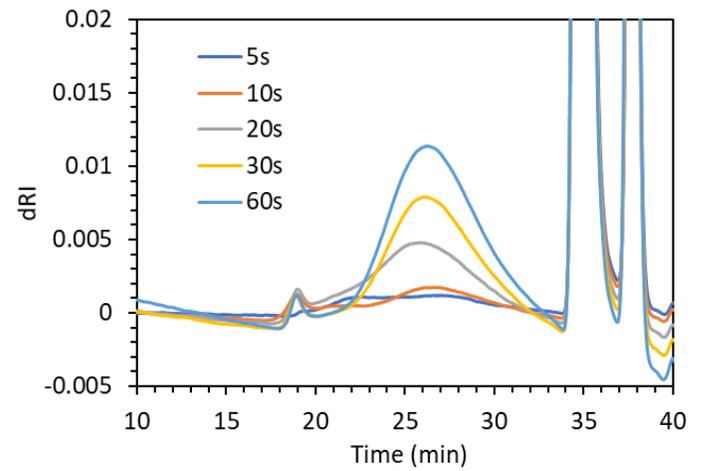
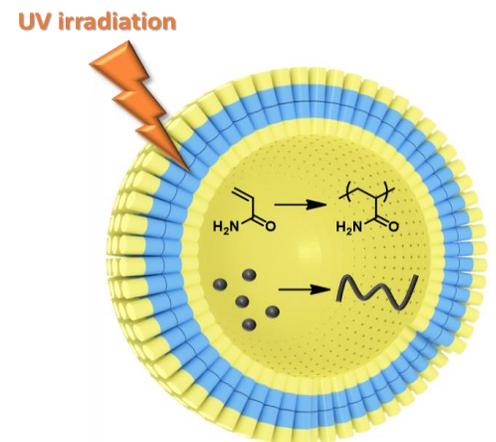
- Formulation simplicity with a range of physicochemical properties
- High bioavailability
- Payload flexibility
- Low encapsulation efficiency

## Surface and material properties

## Targeting

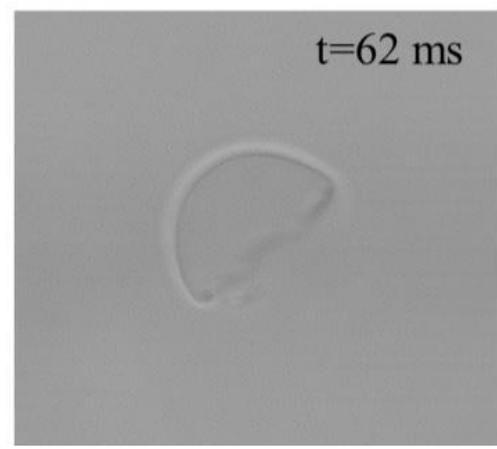
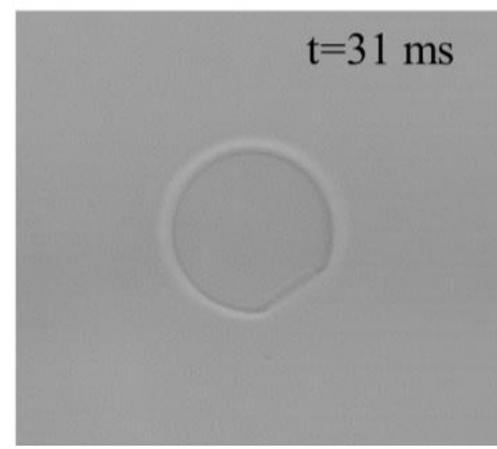
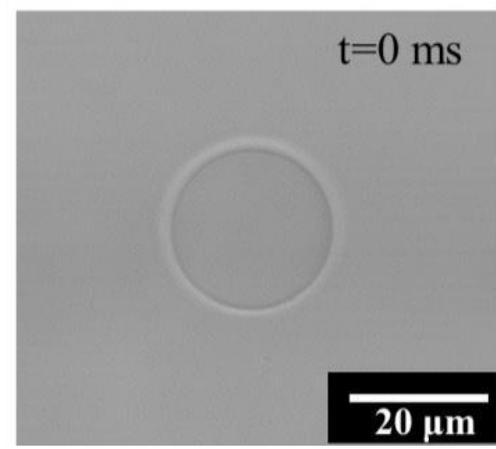
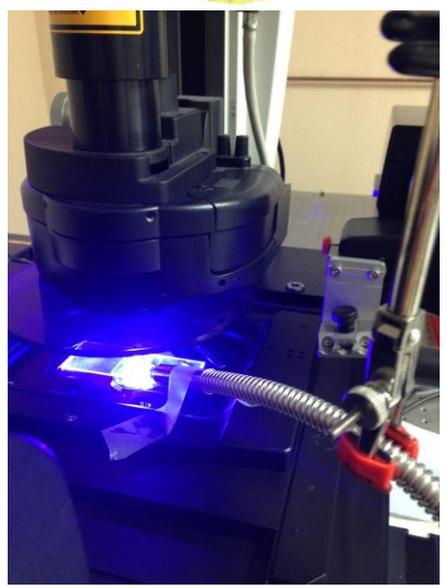


# From hypotonic (explosion) to hypertonic (implosion) conditions



Sophie Larnaudie  
Coll. Pierre Nassoy  
(LP2N Bordeaux)

Conditions: 0.3 M sucrose, 20 g/L acrylamide, 0.5 wt/v % Irgacure



**From explosion to implosion !**

