



Invité par l'assemblée du Collège de France
sur proposition du Pr Louis FENSTERBANK

Nitin T. PATIL

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY,
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE EDUCATION
AND RESEARCH, BHOPAL, INDIA

Vendredi 5 juin 2026

Ligand-Enabled Gold Redox Catalysis

Salle 2 à 10h30 - Conférence en anglais

Traditionally, gold complexes have served as Lewis acid catalysts for the activation of C–C multiple bonds (Scheme, LHS). Over the years, gold catalysis has evolved beyond this classical role to encompass Au(I)/Au(III) redox catalysis (Scheme, RHS). The pioneering work by Zhang and Toste group revealed the role of external oxidants to overcome the high redox potential of Au(I)/Au(III) couple ($E^0 = +1.41$ V) and to facilitate two-electron redox cycle. Later, the Glorius group introduced the merged gold/photoredox strategy to circumvent the need for a stoichiometric oxidant. Recently, the Waser's group demonstrated that ethynylbenziodoxolones (EBXs) are powerful reagents for redox gold catalysis.

All the above strategies were not amenable to the use of aryl halides, and thus their use in gold-catalyzed cross-coupling reactions remained forbidden. Building on Bourissou's pioneering discovery that P,N-ligated gold complexes facilitate oxidative addition to aryl halides, ligand-enabled gold redox catalysis has emerged as an important topic. This talk will highlight our recent efforts in ligand-enabled gold redox catalysis with aryl halides, with a particular focus on enantioselective gold redox catalysis.

Illustration : *Le grand stūpa de Sâncî* © Nitin T. Patil

COLLÈGE
DE FRANCE

—1530—

Thomas Römer
Administrateur du Collège de France
11, place Marcelin-Berthelot, 75005 Paris
www.college-de-france.fr

Année
académique
2025/2026